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# Victoria Daily Times

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VOL. 51

VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 1917

NO. 46

## HAIG'S MEN CLINCH SUCCESS NORTHEAST OF YPRES; BITES TAKEN BY CURRIE'S TROOPS

Weight Tells in Favor of British in Belgium;  
Canadians, Beating Off Picked German  
Troops, Edging Forward

British Front in France and Belgium, Aug. 23.—(By the Associated Press.)—Definite success can be recorded this morning for the latest British operations east and northeast of Ypres, on the Belgian front, which yesterday were surrounded by much uncertainty owing to the fierceness of the resistance offered by the Germans.

London, Aug. 23.—An Amsterdam dispatch says civilians already are leaving Roulers, and it is expected the town shortly will be evacuated by the entire civil population in view of the anticipated fight for its possession. Civilians are being forced by the Germans to rush work on the defences around Roulers.

With the Canadian Forces in France, Aug. 23.—A few yards was all that more than thirty successive and desperately waged German counter-attacks could wrench from the Canadians' grip around Lens. To-day found the Canadian fighters still beating back picked German troops and still crawling, inch by inch, into the city.

In pitch darkness after midnight Canadian troops attacked the pithead, Fosse St. Louis and mines adjacent, forcing still closer to the centre of the coal city.

Bitter Fighting.

London, Aug. 23.—From correspondents at the Canadian front in the Lens region dwell on the savage nature of the fighting in the successful Canadian attack on Tuesday. The meeting of Canadians and Germans in No Man's Land resulted in some of the fiercest fighting of the war. A correspondent of The Times says that for a period desperate fighting raged up and down the whole length of the trenches—savage hand-to-hand fighting without interference from the artillery, for the guns of neither side dared fire on the spot where the combatants were locked. When the tumult died away the Canadians were in possession of the whole line of trenches, which were literally heaped with German dead.

## FRANCE THRILLED BY VICTORY AT VERDUN

Hard to Overestimate Effect of  
Success on French  
People

Paris, Aug. 23.—Once more the magic word "Verdun" has thrilled the heart of Paris. "Victory at Verdun" is the headline of every newspaper in the city, the cry on every lip—Verdun, the city of destiny, whose name was branded on the French soul by a six months' tragedy of fear and hope.

A kilometre gained at Verdun is worth more than an advance of twenty kilometres elsewhere and the surrender of a whole German army—corps," said a great French general last December. Rightly or wrongly, Verdun has become a symbol, both in its stimulating effect in France and the corresponding depression of the German morale.

One may judge then the value of a Verdun victory in this fourth August of the war, when the last quarter of the race is taxic to the utmost the spirit of the fighting nations of France, that has bled and suffered; of Germany, shut in by a ring of steel, calling in vain for the peace she outraged three years ago so wantonly, with new foes arising on every side and in her ears the tread of the new American armies marching on the side of the Entente.

Not Distant, Perhaps.

Military experts may talk of the "established equilibrium" and "the impregnable German line," but Bismarck knew better, when he said it was the impenetrable that counted in war—the evasive moral factor that plays havoc with a general's plans and puts at his calculations. The German leaders can stifle news of the American preparations, though each step forward the States makes adds force to the arms of the other Allies. They may deny, too, the British gains in Flanders, belittle the Italian success and blind their subjects' eyes to the memory that even Napoleon found progress in Russia more fatal than death, but a French victory at Verdun they can not hide and the day may not be far distant when the mysterious "equilibrium" will suddenly be upset and the "impregnable" German line not pierced, but falling before the Allies, as fell the walls of Jericho.

## TORONTO BANK CLEARINGS.

Toronto, Aug. 23.—The bank clearings for the week ended to-day were \$55,000,000.

## Ottawa Asks Reports on Firearms Held in Quebec; Ammunition

Quebec, Aug. 23.—All the local hardware dealers keeping stocks of revolvers, rifles and ammunition have been ordered by the Federal authorities to report immediately on the number of firearms and the quantities of ammunition in store.

## OVER 7,600 PRISONERS, TWENTY-FOUR GUNS AND 200 MACHINE GUNS TAKEN BY FRENCH FORCES ON VERDUN LINE

London, Aug. 23.—The fighting on the Verdun front is dying down. The French objectives north of Verdun apparently have been attained and except for the capture by the French of a small fortified position, no infantry actions in this sector are reported. The number of prisoners has reached 7,639. The French forces also captured 24 cannon and 200 machine guns.

The Germans continued their attacks on the Aisne front last night but met with no better fortune than heretofore. Several assaults near the Laffaux mill, Ailles and Cerny were repulsed.

French Report.

Paris, Aug. 23.—The number of prisoners taken by the French forces in their offensive operations on the Verdun front has been increased to 7,639, the War Office reports. Twenty-four cannon and 200 machine guns also have been captured.

French troops last night captured a fortified German position north of Mortmont Farm.

German Statement.

Berlin, Aug. 23.—In the fighting yesterday in the region of Verdun, the German general headquarters staff reports French troops gained a footing only in a German foremost trench on a small front to the west of the Vacherie-Beaumont road.

Enemy Failed.

Paris, Aug. 23.—The French objectives north of Verdun appear to have been attained. If the offensive were continued, fresh artillery preparation would be necessary.

The German counter-attacks yesterday against dominant positions such as Deadman's Hill and Hill 344 proved to be costly failures, leaving the French masters of the points they held before the beginning of the great battle of Verdun last year with the exception of Hill 304, which as yet is in the hands of the enemy.

Those who believe in the theory that if no agreement is reached between the contending groups, open conflict must follow. First steps already have been taken toward vigorous and aggressive action by the malcontents. Among those who have arrived at Moscow are M. Rodzianko, President of the Duma; A. J. Guchkov, ex-President of the Duma; Professor Paul Milikoff, ex-Foreign Minister; A. L. Shingaroff, V. A. Makarov, also the two generals formerly commander-in-chief of the Russian army, Alexeiev and Brusiloff, who yesterday conferred with the leaders of the Moscow movement; R. Riaubinsky, ex-Minister of the Interior, Tchelikov, ex-Minister of Trade A. I. Kononov and Prince S. Troubetzkoy.

Differences Emphasized.

Conferences were held under the chairmanship of M. Rodzianko, at which the differences between the Government and the bourgeoisie were sharply emphasized, the only exception being made for Premier Kerenky, whom some of the speakers acclaimed as capable of saving the country providing he liberates himself from the control of Socialists and the Council of Deputies. The press was excluded from the preliminary discussion and precautions were taken to prevent the speeches being recorded, but it was stated the discussion concerned the reconstruction of the Cabinet and the principle of strong power, the possibility of a military dictatorship and necessity of presenting the Cabinet with an ultimatum. Prince Troubetzkoy, in a sharp speech, attacked the Government, declaring the sacred revolution had fallen under the "coarse claws" of men who think only of plundering the national riches and of their own interests. The Government, the speaker complained, was entirely in the hands of Petrograd. That was the chief evil, Petrograd being the centre of rotteness. Therefore, he said, it was imperatively necessary to transfer the capital to healthy Moscow. Prince Troubetzkoy excepted only Premier Kerenky, from a Moscow speaker, declared Premier Kerenky culpable, owing to direct association with the element responsible for anarchy.

General Alexeiev fiercely denounced the Socialist "Order No. 1," giving soldiers full liberty and abolishing saluting. He also denounced Petrograd. General Brusiloff followed, declaring that he agreed with everything General Alexeiev had said.

SOLDIER KILLED.

SUSSEX, N. B., Aug. 23.—While playfully sparring with James Jones at the Sussex military camp yesterday afternoon, Harry Jones, of Moncton, died after receiving a blow over the heart. A military inquiry will be held.

Paris, Aug. 23.—Among the 600 prisoners taken by French troops in the lower recesses of Deadman's Hill, on the Verdun front, was a battalion commander with his staff, including Count Eugene Bernstorff, nephew of the former German Ambassador at Washington.

## CADORNA'S FORCES CONTINUE TO GAIN GROUND; PRISONERS TAKEN NUMBER OVER 16,000

## POLICY OF MIGHT DOOMED TO FAIL

Admission Before Reichstag  
Committee by New German  
Foreign Secretary

## SAYS GERMANY BESET BY MIGHTY ENEMIES

Amsterdam, Aug. 23.—A policy based on might alone and not on right is doomed to failure from the beginning," was the interesting admission made by Dr. Richard von Kuehnlmann, the new German Foreign Secretary, in his maiden speech to the main committee of the Reichstag yesterday.

The new Secretary, according to a telegram from Berlin, dwelt on the tremendous responsibility in assuming office "when the country is beset by the mightiest of enemies from without and grave difficulties within." Dr. von Kuehnlmann laid down the following programme:

"The maintenance of cordial relations with our allies and with the neutrals, whose rights and necessary conditions of existence we shall be most careful to respect as far as compatible with the enemy's trickery and our own military needs."

"To arrest further defection of important neutral nations is an extremely serious and important task confronting us," said Dr. von Kuehnlmann. "We can only solve it successfully by observing the principle that in politics might counts, but also right, and that only if we base our conduct on both can we hope to achieve lasting results. Furthermore, we still have relations with the enemy's neutrals although, of course, official relations are ruptured, yet currents of public opinion waft across the border line of the trenches."

Dr. von Kuehnlmann eloquently emphasized the necessity of studying the enemy psychology so that "no soft words should be wasted when the other side holds rigidly aloof." On the other hand, no hard words should be uttered "when there are indications the ice is breaking on the other side and more conciliatory feelings become manifest."

Dr. von Kuehnlmann concluded with an appeal for trust in the army and navy.

AIR FIGHTING ON  
UNPRECEDENTED SCALE

Encircling Movements.

Deadman's Hill and Cote-de-Poitre were taken by encircling movements after a pulverizing French artillery fire. Then the infantry advanced to Ruisseaux-des-Forges. There they destroyed eight German mortars and captured two German majors, one captain and a chief officer of engineers.

The same French troops which on December 15 captured the bloody Pepper Ridge (Cote-du-Poitre) were granted the honor of the advance beyond Deadman's Hill against Talou Ridge and Hill 344. This was really the centre of the great drive. The Germans had built their strongest defensive works there. When they saw the French lines, unable to stand the strain. On the day following a hundred more surrendered. One entire platoon of Germans deserted and arrived at the French lines, marching in regular order—a full complement of men under command of their officers.

Operations of Past Week Exceeded Even Wildest Dreams of Wells

London, Aug. 23.—(By Arthur S. Draper.)—Surpassing in extent and fury anything hitherto believed possible, the air fighting of the past week has exceeded the wildest dreams of even H. G. Wells. The British, French and Italians and Germans are using aerial navies in the greatest operations ever undertaken. Things believed impossible a year ago have now become a customary part of the day's fighting.

During the past week, not including Tuesday, 129 German aeroplanes were brought down in air fighting on the western front. This includes those driven down out of control, a term which Field-Marshal Haig uses to mean an enemy machine put out of the fighting though its complete destruction may not be certain. The British have been most careful in compiling air statistics, requiring definite proof before recording an enemy aeroplane as downed. For the same period the British leaders admit the loss of 44 planes. The Germans alleged 45 were destroyed on Saturday and Monday alone.

British Superiority.

Unquestionably the British forces are maintaining their superiority in these combats on their front, and furthermore it must be considered that practically all the fighting goes on behind the German lines, sometimes as far as 40 miles, making it extremely difficult for the British aviators always to return safely.

When I visited the front last week for four days I saw only one German plane cross the British lines, whereas hundreds of British planes hovered constantly over the German batteries and lines of communication, taking

(Continued on page II.)

## Further Successes on Northern and Southern Wings; Troops Pressing Toward Objectives Despite Resistance

London, Aug. 23.—Italy's great drive on the Isonzo front is meeting with continued success, Rome reports officially, and her troops are proceeding toward realization of their objectives. Further ground has been gained on both the northern and southern wings. Austrian counter-attacks of great severity are being repulsed. The Austrian losses in the first two days of the battle are computed in unofficial statements at 30,000.

Rome, Aug. 23.—Furious fighting continues on the Isonzo front. The War Office announces further gains by the Italian forces on both the northern and southern wings.

The number of prisoners taken is more than 16,000.

Austrian counter-attacks of redoubled intensity are being beaten back by the Italian forces.

The announcement says: "On the fourth day of the battle on the Julian front we again made considerable progress on the northern wing of the line and obtained new successes on the southern wing. The enemy is resisting strongly against our pressure and redoubling his counter-attacks. Our troops are repulsing his counter-attacks from the positions captured and are gallantly pressing toward realization of their objectives."

Lost 30,000.

Udine, Italy, Aug. 23.—The enemy's losses during the first two days of the new Italian advance are calculated at 30,000 killed, wounded and prisoners.

## ADmits STATES IS PREPARING FULLY

Cologne Gazette Warns Germans Against Underestimating Efforts of Republic

Amsterdam, Aug. 23.—The Cologne Gazette, which is the first German newspaper to take seriously the American war preparations, in a leading article warns the German public that after all it might be worth while to watch the United States. It is possible that the Cologne paper is acting on instructions from Berlin, for undoubtedly it is felt in the German capital that it would be foolish to allow the newspapers to publish derisive reports of the war work of the United States. Two months ago fashionable Berlin considered the American war preparations little more than a circus affair.

"The army of the United States," says the Cologne Gazette, "becomes stronger daily. The country's factories are doing all they can to turn out air machines and other materials. Ships are being built in all the yards. Everything is being done to increase the military value of the army to the highest possible point."

"No wonder a new hopefulness is noticeable in the souls of our enemies, who are encouraged to hold out another winter, after which with the new troops from the United States they will defeat the Central Powers and bring the war to a triumphant end."

"The enemy countries know better than to try to bring about a decision this year, but their people have sweet hopes. Small detachments of American troops are paraded in the streets of Paris and London and are welcomed there as a symbol of the better days which will take the place of the sad present."

"We can not doubt that the Americans will fight, not only because the great financial and industrial powers in that country do not wish to drop the golden fruit of war orders, but because they look forward to the days of peace when battered Europe will have to be rebuilt with American help."

"The American Government does not know whether next year the Entente with the help of American soldiers will win, but it knows that it will need an army to enforce its position in Central and South America, in the Pacific and the Far East. This is why Washington does not wish to do anything about the Pope's peace appeal."

## NINE FRENCH SHIPS SUNK BY SUBMARINES OR MINES IN WEEK

Paris, Aug. 22.—In the week which ended August 19 five French steamships of 1,600 tons or more were sunk by mines or submarines, according to the weekly official report issued here. Four vessels under 1,600 tons were sunk. No fishing ships were destroyed. Three attacks by submarines failed.

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Victoria, B. C.

## ONTARIO WILL HAVE GREAT SUPPLY OF POTATOES; CHEAPER

Toronto, Aug. 23.—The prospects at present are that Ontario will have more than enough potatoes to meet her needs this year, instead of importing thousands of bushels from both east and west, as was the case last spring. The scarcity at that time resulted in farmers planting potatoes as never before. The anxiety to plant potatoes was not alone confined to the farming community, but vacant lots were used in the cities and towns as well.

As a result the price probably will be so low that everybody will be able to eat potatoes instead of rice and spaghetti as substitutes.

"We expect potatoes will be offered at 75 cents a bag within two weeks," an official of the United Farmers' Co-operative Company, stated to-day. He did not believe that blight had done any considerable damage.

Alberta also has a large potato crop, he said. A few days ago an Alberta grower sought information as to the possibility of selling 100,000 bushels of the enemy machines, both gunners appeared to have been killed."

## ELEVEN KILLED BY RAIDING AEROPLANES

London, Aug. 23.—In the raid made by German aeroplanes on the coast of Kent yesterday morning bombs were dropped at Dover, Ramsgate and Margate, eleven persons being killed and thirteen injured in the two former places. Considerable damage to property was caused at Ramsgate.

The Admiralty last evening issued the following amplification of Lord French's report:

"Ten enemy aeroplanes of the Gotha type were attacked by naval aeroplanes in the vicinity of Ramsgate between 3 and 11 a.m. to-day. The enemy machines, which were flying at a height of between 11,000 and 12,000 feet, were closely engaged, and in addition to the two mentioned by Lord French in the earlier communication, another was shot down by a Royal Naval air squadron machine close to the coast. The remaining seven Goths returned seaward, pursued by numerous naval aircraft. The pilot of a Royal Naval air squadron which chased the raiders over the sea reports that after he had fired 300 rounds of ammunition into one of the enemy machines, both gunners appeared to have been killed."

## SLACKERS BACK FROM CANADA TO STATES

Seattle, Aug. 23.—All men liable for military service who escape into Canada will be returned to this country by the Canadian authorities and will be tried here as deserters, according to a statement by Irving M. Ziegler, secretary to Governor Lister. This information came after the chairman of a local exemption board had asked that the War Department direct immigration officials to detain men attempting to cross the border. Local immigration officials say that many men of draft age have left the country for Canada.

## MESOPOTAMIAN TOWN OCCUPIED BY BRITISH

London, Aug. 23.—An official communication concerning the operation in Mesopotamia says British troops have occupied the town of Sherabat, lying northeast of Bagdad, near the Persian frontier. The communication, which is dated Sunday, says: "On columns attacked the Turks near Sherabat, on the left bank of the Diala. The enemy made little resistance, and retreated hastily to the Hausrin hills. We remain in possession of Sherabat.

Carranza Unaffected.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Ambassador Fletcher's report to the State Department from Mexico City contains assurances that the German propaganda in that country appears to be having little effect on President Carranza or members of his Cabinet. So far as the propagandists have been confined largely to publication in news papers of highly colored reports of German victories and of increasing difficulties among the Allies.

## SITUATION SERIOUS IN FINLAND NOW

Kerensky Has Ordered Re-opening of Landtag is to Be Prevented

Petrograd, Aug. 23.—The situation in Finland is serious as a result of the continued difficulty of forming a cabinet and of the persistence of the Socialists in their plan to renew sessions of the dissolved Landtag on August 29. According to the papers here, Premier Kerensky instructed Governor Stakhovitch to prevent at all costs a reopening of the Landtag—if necessary, to surround the building and compel the members to disperse. Governor Stakhovitch has conferred with the commander of the Baltic fleet.

The Socialists have finally refused the help of the Finnish Professor Ingman to form a government. In Shalmo, near Helsinki, serious disorders have been caused by unemployed workmen supported by soldiers. Citizen guards from Helsinki sent to quell the revolt were fired on and driven into the railroad station, where they were besieged, captured and threatened with summary execution.

Petrograd newspapers sharply attack the Finnish Socialists, declaring that if Finland by contending the Landtag violates its own constitution, Russia can consider the constitution non-existent and act accordingly.

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## CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Ottawa, Aug. 23.—The following casualties have been announced:

Infantry.

Killed in action—Pte. W. M. McKay, Vancouver; Pte. W. M. Miller, Vancouver; Lieut. A. G. Fleming, Berryhill, Vermillion, Alta.; Corp. J. M. Custance, Millerton, N. S.; Pte. W. Stewart, Westville, N. S.; Sergt. C. Kelly, Montreal; Sergt. W. Johnstone, Scotland; Corp. L. Skilton, England; Pte. H. V. Burgess, Oshawa, Ont.; Pte. M. Arnold, Goderich, Ont.; Pte. K. D. Rodesky, Toronto; Pte. R. J. Jackson, Lindsay, Ont.; Pte. J. A. Hoy, Montreal; Pte. F. N. Finnean, Gladwin, N. B.; Pte. F. P. Lay, Halifax; Pte. L. Mattall, Denmark; Pte. R. B. Carmichael, Windsor, N. S.; Lieut. A. C. Adams, Hanover, Ont.; Lieut. A. Kennedy, Scotland; Lieut. (Acting Captain) J. L. Schlafer, Vancouver; Lieut. T. S. Stockwell, England; Lieut. H. D. Henry, Montreal; Capt. A. H. Biddle, Channel Islands; Lieut. J. Bertrand, M. C., British West Indies; Acting-Major A. R. Baden, Winnipeg.

Died of wounds—Sergt. P. O'Leary, England; Pte. S. Bernard, Burnt Church, N. B.

Died—Pte. P. Pool, Edmonton.

Wounded—Pte. C. W. Pappell, Cloverdale, B. C.

Services.

Wounded—Pte. A. Hardie, Vancouver.

## POPE BENEDICT AND "FREEDOM OF SEAS"

Rome, Aug. 23.—The British and Belgian Ministers accredited to the Vatican were received separately yesterday by Pope Benedict, whom they questioned as to the meaning of the reference to the freedom of the seas in the Pope's peace proposals. The Pontiff replied he intended to give to this condition the same meaning as that of President Wilson, in his message, while leaving ample liberty to the beligerents to agree in future discussions as to details.

Germany yesterday acknowledged receipt of the peace note, promising to examine it with benevolent interest and care and to give an answer after reaching an agreement with her allies.

Another amendment accepted provides that balloons shall be marked by the voters in the presence of the presiding officer and the deputy scrutineers, or military officers acting in their stead.

At a late hour an amendment was adopted making provision for labor candidates on the ballot papers.

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Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, price \$1.50 per dozen.

## GERMANS ARE BUSY AMONG THE MEXICANS

Trying to Spread Distrust of  
States; Only Ignorant  
Affected

Mexico City, Aug. 23.—Friends of Germany are conducting in Mexican newspapers a propaganda against the United States, but up to the present time the efforts have failed of their purpose in so far as the better educated and influential classes of Mexicans are concerned. There is reason to believe that it has had no effect on men prominent in public life, those associated with the Government or the high officers of the army, but it seems certain that the German campaign has exerted a certain influence over the uneducated Mexicans.

The Socialists have finally refused the help of the Finnish Professor Ingman to form a government. In Shalmo, near Helsinki, serious disorders have been caused by unemployed workmen supported by soldiers. Citizen guards from Helsinki sent to quell the revolt were fired on and driven into the railroad station, where they were besieged, captured and threatened with summary execution.

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## TRIBUNALS UNDER CONSCRIPTION BILL

Doherty is Asked About Ar-  
rangements in Absence of  
Royal Assent

Ottawa, Aug. 23.—Emmanuel Devlin, Liberal, Wright, Ont., inquired of the Minister of Justice in the Commons yesterday afternoon, as to what progress was being made in the establishment of tribunals in connection with the conscription bill.

Hon. C. J. Doherty replied that some general progress was being made but the matter had to wait until the Governor-General gave his assent.

"Then may I ask," said Mr. Devlin, "when Mr. Plaxton was appointed to secure information from members and arrange for tribunals if the Government is bound by the constitution to secure the Governor-General's assent?"

Speaker Rhodes suggested that the question should be put on the order paper.

"The question is one of great public importance," said Mr. Devlin.

The Speaker ruled, however, that the question was one to which the Minister of Justice could not be expected to give an immediate reply and that it should be placed on the order paper.

Court Situation.

Sir George Foster responded to a request by W. E. Knowles, Moose Jaw, for a statement on the coal situation in Canada, with a particular relation to the needs of the approaching winter. He said Canada's production of bituminous coal last year was 13,000,000 tons, while the importations were about the same. Canada also had imported 4,500,000 tons of anthracite coal. The anthracite stocks were low and this year 1,000,000 additional tons would be required.

Turning to the United States, Sir George expressed the opinion that while production was increasing so were the demands because of the changed conditions due to the war.

After explaining the activities of the Fuel Controller, Sir George said it was altogether likely that both the United States and Canada would have to be put on rations in regard to coal supplies. The use of coal might have in some measure to be restricted to the indispensable industries, while the railroads would be asked to co-ordinate their services, so as to use a minimum amount of coal. An appeal also would be made to the general public to exercise economy.

Suggestion Ruled Out.

Hon. Frank Oliver wanted to make a suggestion to the Minister of Trade and Commerce as to how the situation in Alberta should be dealt with, but Speaker Rhodes thought he would be out of order in doing so at that stage of the proceedings in the House.

Soldiers' Votes.

The House spent practically the entire day in committee on the Military Voters' Bill. It was the third day the measure had been under consideration in committee, and up to last night very little headway had been made.

The main objections to the measure were voiced by Frank B. Carvell, who summarized the chief points of the objection. In the first place, he said, the proposal to allow non-residents of Canada to vote was bad in principle. He was quite willing to be charged with disloyalty for giving expression to this view, but if Parliament should decide to give the men a vote they should not be allowed to vote in any constituency they might choose. There were at least two regiments made up almost entirely of Americans. It should be decided in what constituency these men would vote. Their vote should not be distributed around in a dozen different constituencies.

Mr. Carvell's second objection was that an officer should not be allowed to hold a poll without a representative of both sides being present. This defect could easily be remedied. He also objected to any officer being allowed to carry around for days and weeks open bags containing votes. These bags should be sealed at the close of every polling day.

In England.

William German, Welland, Ont., thought that in England it would be better to have the vote all taken in one day. This would cause less trouble for the authorities and would be more convenient for the soldiers. He thought

## BUSINESS IMPROVING IN THIS PROVINCE

Men in Vancouver in Position to Know Make the Statement

Vancouver, Aug. 23.—Commercial failures in British Columbia at present are only about one-quarter in number of those at this time last year, according to R. D. Dinning, of the Canadian Credit Men's Trust Association and secretary of the Vancouver Ad Club. For the year ended March 31, 1917, the failures were just one-third of those in the preceding 12 months, and the situation, he says, is improving every day, so that the percentage has now dropped to one-fourth.

"Merchants in Vancouver, and it may in many respects be taken as the barometer of the whole province," he explained, "are getting money more easily from their customers, and as a consequence they are better able to pay their bills."

"Business seems to be improving in every direction. There is more money in sight because of the new and large payrolls, and less of it being wasted than in former times. The families of soldiers who have gone overseas find themselves in most cases in comfortable circumstances, with separation allowance, a share of the soldiers' pay and something from the Patriotic Fund. It has been shown in many instances that they are now buying groceries and clothing, and paying cash, whereas formerly many accounts were charged and never met, the money being spent in other directions."

"Business, while not jumping ahead with a boom, is gradually increasing in a way which pleases all of the merchants. During the stress of hard times the weaker ones were weeded out, and those now remaining are more careful in giving credits. The large percentage of failures a few years ago was often due to the fact that the merchants were dabbling in real estate and allowing loose credits. Business is now on a much better basis."

Much the same story was told by T. J. Corley, secretary of the Retail Grocers' Association. He said that all of the retail grocers are experiencing increased trade.

It is not true, he claimed, that the retailers are making more money now than they used to because of higher prices. The fact is that their percentage of profit is actually lower, but they are watching their credits more closely and are handling a larger volume of business than for the past two or three years.

In making a report of conditions to an American advertising agency recently, Mr. Corley drew attention to the jump in bank clearings in Vancouver, pointed out that there were several new and large payrolls here, and alluded to the fact that the families of soldiers were being well provided for. There were practically no men looking for work. While there might be decreased purchasing of goods in the category of pure luxuries, the grocers and other merchants found that the buying public was not stinting itself to the point of making material reduction in its grocery accounts.

**60,000 HOMELESS AT CITY OF SALONICA**

Fire Caused Enormous Loss; Entente Authorities Calling for Destitute

## FIRES IN FORESTS OF MONTANA AND IDAHO

Missoula, Mont., Aug. 23.—Thousands of men who for days have been battling to check the advance of forest fires in Western Montana and Northern Idaho, to-day were in sight of victory over the flames if a rising wind did not whip them again into activity. Federal forest service officials at headquarters here believed the fires would be completely under control to-day with calm weather.

Missoula has borne the appearance of an army mobilization camp the last few days. Automobile trucks loaded with supplies and companies of men have been rolling out of the city, bound for the "front" somewhere behind the heavy yellow smoke curtain which has blotted out the horizon here for many days.

A serious fire near Seeley Lake yes-

terday was battled by a special trainload of men sent up into the Blackfoot Valley from here, and automobiles of all descriptions, borrowed or rented from Missoula people, transported men and food to the woods around Lolo Hot Springs, south of here, which was threatened by a fire.

A wind would carry these two fires, now practically under control, out of bounds again, forestry officials said to-day, and speed them on their way through the dry timber.

The inhabitants of Evaro, a little town on the summit of the Jocko Range just west of Missoula, are breathing easier to-day. Flames that threatened the town with destruction yesterday were beaten back by fire fighters with the help of every citizen.

**NO EXCUSE CAN BE MADE TO COVER THIS**

German Airmen Attacked French Hospitals They Had Known for Year

On the French Front, Aug. 23.—(By The Associated Press).—Incendiary bombs which were dropped by two German aviators on two hospitals behind Verdun on Sunday evening killed 10 wounded men, one woman nurse and nineteen trained male nurses. They wounded 49 male nurses and inflicted further injuries on patients suffering from wounds received in battle, many of whom rushed naked into nearby fields in an attempt to find shelter from the bombs which were rained down.

Meanwhile the German aviators circled about in the air for half an hour, firing their machine guns at hospital orderlies who were endeavoring to extinguish the flames. The nurses had just finished bandaging 180 wounded Germans who had been brought directly from the battlefield, and had gone to bed when bombs were dropped from a height of only 30 yards. The Red Cross signs were painted prominently on the roofs and the Germans knew the hospitals had been in existence for more than a year.

The writer, after inspecting the hospital, visited a camp at which German prisoners are assembled. It contained considerably more than 6,000 officers and men. The writer was permitted to interrogate a number of prisoners, a number of whom are 18 or 19 years of age. They all declared themselves content at being out of the war. On the way other small camps containing hundreds of prisoners were passed.

**SAYS CONDITIONS IN RUSSIA ARE BAD**

Correspondent in London Says, However, Russia Will Not Make Peace

London, Aug. 23.—(By Arthur S. Draper).—On high authority I can state that Premier Kerensky hopes American delegates will go to the Stockholm international Socialist conference. The Russian Government has not changed its opinion that much good and no harm will come out of the conference.

The military rendered all possible aid, but the scarcity of water made it almost hopeless to attempt to subdue the flames. The refugees are camping on the outskirts of the town. The destitute are being cared for by the Entente military authorities, the British having 30,000 in their charge. Food and fresh water are very scarce. The whole section from the customs house to the famous White Tower, with its fine buildings, including the famous church of St. Dimitri and several other churches and mosques, was destroyed.

Three enemy aeroplanes flew over the city and dropped bombs while the fire was in progress.

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Although the political situation in Russia has improved and the moderate Socialists have strengthened their hold, economic conditions steadily are growing worse, with extreme privation if not famine facing the people in the early winter. Almost complete economic disorganization prevails. Even now the railroads are totally demoralized and the food distribution system has collapsed.

With an economic breakdown it is only natural that the military organization should fall. Those familiar with internal conditions state that not even Gen. Korniloff can perform the miracle of building up the war machine. They anticipated riots and other serious disorders in the late fall and winter, but they declare Russia will not make a separate peace, because it would mean that all the advantages won through the revolution would be swept away.

The great convention of the Entente Governments will meet Saturday. Premier Korniloff will speak. Then the world will have more knowledge of which is the dominant party in Russia and just what course events are likely to take.

As an instance of the cost of living in Russia, a diplomatic messenger from Petrograd told me his trousers had cost 170 roubles, and the simplest meal cost 14 roubles. He said that for the last two months even the middle class families had never been certain of three meals a day. Sometimes they had got bread in the morning, but sometimes there had been no supply until nine o'clock at night. Bread and

## Only One Week

LEFT TO SHARE IN THE

## BIG BARGAINS IN FURNITURE

If you need Furniture, Carpets, Bedding, Etc., now is the time to buy. You will save from 10 per cent. to 50 per cent. on your purchase. Wholesale prices are advancing rapidly, but we continue to sell at old prices while our stock lasts. Retail prices in Victoria are as low as anywhere in Canada.

COME IN AND SEE FOR YOURSELF

**SMITH & CHAMPION**  
"THE BETTER VALUE STORE"  
1420 DOUGLAS ST. NEAR CITY HALL

## BRITISH ADVANCED NORTHEAST OF YPRES

Strong Positions Were Wrested From Germans During Stubborn Fighting

London, Aug. 23.—The following official report was issued last night:

"Successful operations were undertaken by our troops moving to the east and northeast of Ypres for the capture of a series of strong points and fortified farms lying a few hundred yards in front of our positions astride the Ypres-Menin road and between the Ypres-Roulers railway and Langemarck.

"Bitter fighting took place at all points. The enemy again made repeated counter-attacks, in which he suffered heavy losses from our artillery and machine gun fire.

"The struggle was particularly fierce in the neighborhood of the Ypres-Menin road, where the enemy fought desperately to retain command of the high ground. Here our line has been advanced to a depth of about 300 yards on a front of about a mile.

"A position giving important observation to the eastward was captured by us, and our troops established themselves in the western portion of Inverness Copse. Farther north our line has been carried forward on a front of over half a mile in some places.

"The garrisons of captured farms and strong points resisted with the greatest stubbornness. In many cases isolated positions were reduced only after fighting lasting throughout the greater part of the day.

"In these operations we captured over 250 prisoners, but by reason of the obstinate nature of the fighting the prisoners taken were more than a usually small proportion to the total losses inflicted on the enemy.

"The number of prisoners taken by us in the course of yesterday's fighting in the neighborhood of Lens is 194, bringing the total in this neighborhood since the morning of August 15 to 1,378. In the same period we also captured in this area 34 machine-guns and 21 trench mortars, so far counted.

"Yesterday there was again great activity in the air on both sides. Several fighting took place. Twelve German aeroplanes were brought down by our machines. Five others were brought down out of control. Twelve of our machines are missing, including two which collided behind the enemy's lines during a bombing raid."

French Report.

Paris, Aug. 23.—The War Office gave out the following report last night:

"The artillery fighting was quite violent in the regions of Bray and Cerny.

"In Champagne our batteries carried out efficacious fires and destroyed additional gas reservoirs.

"On the Verdun front the enemy reacted during the day with artillery, notably on the left bank of the Meuse, but made no attempt to attack our new positions. One of our heavy guns destroyed the understructure of an observatory at Romagne-sous-les-Cotes.

"German aeroplanes last night dropped bombs in the region of Gerardmer; there were no victims and no damage was done. During the day six German aeroplanes were destroyed in aerial engagements; five others fell within their own lines in a damaged condition. It is established that additional aeroplanes were brought down on August 20 by our machine guns."

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## School Days are coming

"The Fashion Centre"

Angus Campbell & Co., Ltd.  
1008-10 Government Street  
"VIEW WINDOW DISPLAYS"

After two months of frolic and rest the many children will soon be marching back to the opening of school, and mothers will be busy outfitting the little ones with new dresses, headwear, etc. Our Children's Department is well stocked to meet the many requirements, and at prices that will prove most interesting. Read carefully the various lines quoted below, and bring the children with you to select their new school apparel.

## New School Togs for the Children at Most Attractive Prices

A Special Group of Children's Cloth Coats, Suitable for Fall Wear

TO CLEAR AT

Half Price

Strong School Hose Special at 25c Pr.

Children's Strong Black Cotton 1-1 Ribbed Hose, fast dye and good wearing qualities. All sizes. Specially priced at, per pair 25c

Children's Gingham Dresses at Reduced Prices

To-morrow

Gingham School Dresses for Girls, 2 to 6 Years. Special at 75c

Pretty Plaid and Striped Gingham Dresses, attractively trimmed with contrasting materials. Specially priced at 75c

Another Lot to Fit Girls, 2 to 14 Years, at \$1.25

In this lot of smart Gingham Frocks there is a big range of snappy styles developed from an excellent range of good washing Ginghams. Many other Gingham School Frocks, remarkable values at \$1.35, \$1.65, \$1.75, \$2.25 and up to \$4.00

Girls' White Pique Dresses, Regular to \$3.50, for \$1.75

Styles to fit kiddies 2, 4 and 6 years of age. Well made, in smart tailored styles. Wonderful value at 75c

A BIG RANGE OF Wool Sweater Coats FOR CHILDREN

At \$4.50, \$5.50, \$5.75 and \$6.50

For Ages 2 to 12 Years.

Nothing is quite so smart and comfortable for the children going to school, as one of those cosy Wool Sweater Coats. They come in various weaves and colors with sailor collars, belts and sashes to fit ages 2 to 12 years, at \$4.50 to \$6.50

Children's Colored Silk Windsor Ties at 35c

Middy Blouses, to Clear at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50

A Fine Range of Children's All-White and Colored Trimmed Middy Blouses, to fit ages 8 to 12 years. Marked special at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50

10 only, Boys' Wash Suits. Reg. Up to \$2.25. To Clear at \$1.00. Sizes 2 and 3 Years

All Wool Kiltie Suits for Children's Drawers and Knickers Specially Priced

Smart All-Wool "Kiltie" Suits for Girls, in colors of rose, paddy, saxe, navy and brown. Excellent for school wear. Priced according to size, at, per suit, \$5.00 to \$6.75

Children's Black Sateen Knickers, good quality, splendid for school wear. Sizes 2 to 12 years, at, per pair, 40c, 45c, 50c and 60c

Children's White Cotton Drawers, embroidery and tucked trimmed, for ages 2 to 12 years. Special at, per pair, 35c, 40c and 50c

Children's Black Knitted Tights, for sizes up to 10 years, to clear at, per pair 25c

Children's White Cotton Knit Drawers, loose and tight knee. Sizes up to 12 years. Special at, per pair 35c

CHILDREN'S "NAZARETH WAISTS," FOR AGES 2 TO 14 YEARS, AT 25c AND 35c

MOTOR BANDITS IN QUEBEC PROVINCE

Montreal, Aug. 23.—"Get those motor bandits no matter how many men you have to employ," was the order St. Lomer Gouin gave to Louis Lapointe, chief of the provincial detective bureau.

Chief Lapointe hastened to obey and has thirteen men scouring the country. They know that the gang is made up of six young men from Montreal. They have the names of some, and they know the gunmen are using a seven-passenger car in raids over the countryside.

The order was the result of the campaign of ruthlessness inaugurated by the gang. Armed with pistols and utterly desperate, they travel through the small country villages holding up travelers and burglarizing farm houses. When they shot and killed Alcide Payette, of St. Sulpice, Friday night, they signed their "death warrant."

FRANZ BOPP SAYS HE IS NOT A PEST

San Francisco, Aug. 23.—"I am not a pest. I demand that United States District Attorney John W. Preston, be ordered to substantiate his charges," said Franz Bopp, former German consul-general here, in court, after he had pleaded not guilty to indictments charging him with conspiracy in the kidnap plot and steamship Sacramento cases.

We Deliver Immediately—Anywhere

Phone YOUR OR 4253  
der to

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.



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### COPY FOR ADVERTISEMENTS

All copy for display advertisements must be at Times Office before 6 p. m. of the day previous to the day of insertion. This is imperative. When this rule is not complied with we do not guarantee insertion.

### Announcement

#### MEETINGS AND ENTERTAINMENTS.

Notices of ratepayers, political, suffrage, patriotic, lodge, society, club or church meetings and services, concerts, socials, etc., inserted under special headings of "Meetings" on classified pages at one cent per word per insertion. As reading matter under heading of "Announcements" on news pages at three cents per word, per insertion.

### HELP THE RED CROSS!

The Times joins with its morning contemporary in impressing upon the public the urgent need of more support for the Red Cross. Between now and the beginning of February the sum of \$40,000 will be required to meet the urgent obligations which confront this splendid organization. If that sum is not raised the loss will fall upon the men in the trenches, the gallant men who are risking their all for their country. It will fall nowhere else, and that fact alone should be sufficient to awaken a generous response to the call for aid.

### A PROPER FOUNDATION.

Many a good cause has been damned by the intemperate zeal of some of its champions. If the proposal of compulsory military service has not gained ground throughout Canada since its introduction in the House of Commons, one of the reasons is the fatuous campaign conducted in some quarters in its behalf. Calling anti-conscriptionists names, hurling epithets at Laurier and, by implication, at Baron Shaughnessy and others who favor organized voluntaryism, only aggravates a problem the seriousness of which apparently is not yet realized by many people who are kicking their heels while their heads are buried in the sand. Besides, it invites very damaging reprisals. For instance, if Laurier is a traitor because he prefers voluntaryism to conscription, what must we call Borden for instructing Sir Sam Hughes to let up on recruiting last year? Obviously that sort of provocation and reprimand is tragically useless. It injures the whole movement of compulsory service.

While the Times believes that a sound, sensible form of selective conscription is the most effective way of providing reinforcements urgently needed at the front, it does not question the loyalty or good faith of those who disagree with it. But though it disagrees with their policy it is free to admit that they are at least on a firm ground in relation to the main purpose as those who are preaching conscription of manpower and objecting to the establishment of the only foundation upon which this proposal can be carried out. Conscription of anything in such a country as Canada can be applied at this time only if there is a hearty spirit of co-operation on the part of the public. To create that spirit certain other things should be done. Suspicion and distrust and oppressive grievances should be removed. For instance, men should have the assurance that if they go overseas their dependents will not be subjected to suffering and want. They should be assured that they will be generously provided for in the pension scale. They should be assured that in the future they will not have to share a burden of debt made unnecessarily heavy because men who were enriched by the war were not compelled to pay the most to its maintenance. They should be assured of an organized nation, not a derelict, behind them. With these assurances a foundation for compulsory military service would be solidly laid in the public mind. There is nothing diffi-

cult about these things. A Government strong enough to conduct a nation at war could carry them out promptly and effectively. Washington has already done it for the United States. Even New Zealand has done it.

### DEMOCRACY AT WAR.

The United States is an advanced democracy where individualism and decentralization have been carried to a higher point than anywhere else in the world. Yet to wage war effectively it is adopting measures which furnish the utter destruction of many of the deep-seated principles so stoutly cherished in time of peace. It has conferred upon its Government powers of the most sweeping character and, for the time being, has made its President a potential autocrat. Let me take the recent Food Control law as an example. That measure prescribes drastic penalties against hoarding and speculation in the articles specified, thus greatly reducing the number of middlemen who come between the producer and the consumer; and by a system of licensing it confers on the President almost absolute control over dealers in the necessities of life. It gives him also enormous requisitioning powers in obtaining war supplies, which will of course be paid for in cash if they stand inspection. It confers on him, further, authority to buy and sell wheat, flour, meal, beans, and potatoes at "reasonable" prices; and, as a last resort, he is authorized to close Exchanges and Boards of Trade, if he deems it necessary to do so, in order to stop speculation in necessities.

The republic also has adopted compulsory military training and has registered all its man power. The Government has taken over all the ships under construction in American yards. If some of these things were attempted in time of peace there would be a revolution. They are possible now because the country is at war. The public realizes that a nation cannot wage war in the habitués of peace. It cannot organize for war and still retain the attributes of a peace democracy. Great Britain discovered this after she had been fighting for more than a year. France knew it from the first from experience. Canada's leaders and many of her people have not learned it yet. They are still talking war in terms of peace. They do not seem to realize that modern war for a nation means everything at war, every channel of human activity leading to the battlefield, every mental, moral and physical resource utilized to make the nation strong in all its fibres.

France is a striking example of a nation fully organized for war. Under no other condition could she have borne the terrible burden which she has carried for the last three years. In spite of her three or four million casualties and her crushing debt, she is still erect and formidable, not only carrying her own load, but helping to share the burden of some of her allies. Every ounce of her energy has been mobilized and is being directed by her leaders. Finance, transportation, food production and supply, munitions, men—all her human and material resources are co-ordinated under one strong, resolute, control. Yet France is a democracy, a nation of individualists, a country which has endured more for freedom than any other power on earth.

### A "REFORMED" GERMANY.

Dr. von Kuehlmann, the new German Foreign Secretary, is quoted as stating that "a policy based on might alone and not right, is doomed to failure from the beginning." He further expressed his determination to try to arrest further defection of important neutrals. Unfortunately for von Kuehlmann's efforts to picture a reformed Germany to the world, actions speak louder than words. About the time he was uttering the enlightened sentiments we have quoted German aviators in the Verdun region were deliberately bombing French hospitals, killing a number of nurses and wounded men lying in their beds. German submarines are still sinking merchant vessels, including neutral shipping, without warning.

The whole world knows that Germany's foreign secretary is a functionary whose sole duty is to issue honeyed lies. The reason von Jagow and Zimmerman lost their positions was their inability to be plausibly enough. They were found out. Yet they did as well as anybody else could have done under the circumstances. It was humanly impossible to impress the neutral world with the righteousness of Germany's cause while Belgium was being razed and Serbia over-run. Nobody could be a successful apologist for the assassination of babies, women and wounded soldiers. Ananias would have been appalled at the task of trying to convince neutrals that the enslavers, blackmailers and pirates of Potsdam were patrons of piety and decency. Nobody will believe anything any German official says as long as the men who made this war and authorized the terrible atrocities committed in Ger-

many's name direct her policy. That is why von Kuehlmann's smug allusion to "might and right" will not impose upon a solitary neutral. For the same reason it is hard to be patient with the proposal in the Pope's message regarding the arbitration of international disputes. Imagine civilization trusting to the good faith of the "scrap of paper" bandits!

### COLLUSION?

Sir Robert Borden's denial of Hon. Frank Oliver's charge that there is collusion between the Government and the Nationalists no doubt is correct. But if no attempt is made by Sir Robert to contest seats in which Nationalist and Liberal candidates run in Quebec, the inference will be unfortunate to say the least.

The Premier's further assertion that there never has been such collusion is incorrect, to put it mildly, as he describes Mr. Oliver's charge to be. The alliance with the Nationalists began in the by-election in Drummond-Arthabaska in 1910 when Nationalist Gilbert, financed by the Conservative campaign fund controlled by Sir Herbert Ames in Montreal, was the successful candidate. On the eve of that election, Sir George Foster sent a telegram to the Montreal Star, urging the electors of Drummond-Arthabaska to vote for the Nationalist candidate. The issue in the contest was the Canadian naval policy, which was declared to be the "thin edge of the wedge of conscription."

In the general election of 1911, Conservatives refrained from contesting twenty-three or twenty-four seats in which Nationalists were candidates.

Those candidates also were financed out of the Conservative campaign fund, the details of which have been publicly given by Henri Bourassa on several occasions, one of his articles on the subject being before us at this moment.

Bourassa was induced to speak

at Sudbury, in Ontario, on behalf of the Conservative candidate. When the new cabinet was formed three Nationalists, Messrs. Monk, Nantel and Pelletier, were included in it.

The Nationalist representation in the cabinet has been maintained at three ever since. Messrs. Blondin, Sevigny and Patenaude—the last of whom resigned recently—were well-known followers of Henri Bourassa. Lavergne himself has stated that he was offered a portfolio in 1911 and declined the offer and his statement never has been challenged.

Tancrede Marsil, the would-be revolutionist now, ran as a Conservative-Nationalist at Bagot in the general election.

As everybody knows the twenty-three or twenty-four Nationalist members for Quebec sat on the Government side of the House and supported the Government policy.

These facts and others equally well-known require no corroboration. They form part of the record of the country. We might add to them the curious license given to Henri Bourassa, Armand Lavergne, and Tancrede Marsil to preach sedition and libel their country and its cause in the war, both on the platform and in the press.

Last year Bourassa clearly brought himself within the criminal code by openly exulting in his part in interfering with recruiting in Quebec. Both he and Lavergne violated the Defence of the Realm law in almost every utterance and article which emanated from them. Yet nothing was done to them while in other parts of Canada men were fined and imprisoned for making remarks not half so treasonable. While Le Devor was circulating its damnable propaganda with cool immunity a newspaper in western Ontario was suppressed for publishing matter not nearly as vicious. Lavergne was made a Lieutenant-Colonel. Whether there is collusion now or not, there certainly has been. And the unhappy sequel of that collusion is now before us.

+ + +

The South Winnipeg Liberals said:

"We therefore resolve that we will not support at the present crisis any leader who is not prepared to declare his acceptance of the principle of compulsory military service as well as the compulsory contribution of wealth."

Sir Wilfrid Laurier is opposed to the conscription of men. Sir Robert Borden opposes the compulsory contribution of wealth. The only leader the South Winnipeg Liberals will support must stand for both. As a matter of fact it is childish to attempt to enforce one without the other. It has been done nowhere in the world.

+ + +

As the Ottawa Citizen aptly points out, "the intelligent political forecaster is he who sees that the party which first meets the reasonable standards of the West in fiscal and economic matters is the party which will control the destinies of the Dominion during the next quarter century."

Winning the war cannot be a permanent issue in our domestic affairs.

+ + +

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+ + +

Now the Hun is beginning to experience the real travail of the war he did not will. Smoking in the streets is to be prohibited all over the German empire. And those big porcelain pipes were so thoroughly in harmony with the physical conformation of the average Hun.

For the first and perhaps the last time we are in complete accord with the views of Hon. Bob Rogers. Sir Robert Borden is a weak and impotent leader of a Government in wartime, but he was that and would be that at any time.

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The Hun had a great day yesterday. They dropped bombs on a Red Cross hospital in France and on a church in England, killing a considerable number of patients, nurses and other non-combatants.

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There is little doubt that King Karl of Austria is anxious for peace, but the despatch of Germany, his pal, is determined that all the kings of Central Europe shall hang together.

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The fact has been apparent for some, and is more apparent now than ever, that the one thing Canada lacks is leadership. War conditions did not reveal the fact—they emphasized it.

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The situation in a nutshell is this—Sir Robert is like a boy in a man's job.

## Buy Coal Now!

OIL FUEL is rapidly disappearing off the market. That will mean a large increase in the consumption of Coal.

Be warned in time and put in your Winter Fuel now, as the present prices are liable to advance any day.

### Best Lump \$8.50

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### Kirk & Co., Ltd.

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powerful and effective as it has been, and the Quebec problem would have been solved.

Food Controller Hanna explains that he has nothing whatever to do with the regulation of food prices. His business is to regulate supplies and exhort the people to economize in the use of them. And he appears to be doing this solely in the interests of the barons. In Toronto there is a general complaint that since Hanna undertook to regulate the distribution of fish from the Atlantic prices have gone up from one to three cents a pound. The food controllers in Britain and the United States have an altogether different conception of their duties. They not only regulate prices but regulate them in the interests of consumers, not for the benefit of speculators.

Discussion of the Pope's peace proposals is becoming quite interesting. For example, Austria is willing to abandon all claims for annexations and indemnities, but insists that as a guarantee of "freedom of the seas" Britain shall withdraw from Gibraltar, Malta and Suez, while Bulgaria demands that her allies shall guarantee her all the territory she has seized.

Certainly the Dual Monarchy's terms

could not be more magnanimous if she were putting them forth as a conqueror. We wonder she does not suggest that Britain's naval strongholds be delivered up for occupation by Germany as an absolute guarantee of future "freedom of the seas."

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The South Winnipeg Liberals said: "We therefore resolve that we will not support at the present crisis any leader who is not prepared to declare his acceptance of the principle of compulsory military service as well as the compulsory contribution of wealth."

Sir Wilfrid Laurier is opposed to the conscription of men. Sir Robert Borden opposes the compulsory contribution of wealth. The only leader the South Winnipeg Liberals will support must stand for both. As a matter of fact it is childish to attempt to enforce one without the other. It has been done nowhere in the world.

+ + +

As the Ottawa Citizen aptly points out, "the intelligent political forecaster is he who sees that the party which first meets the reasonable standards of the West in fiscal and economic matters is the party which will control the destinies of the Dominion during the next quarter century."

Winning the war cannot be a permanent issue in our domestic affairs.

+ + +

There seems to be some ground for the charges of Mr. Rogers that Sir Robert Borden is slow in action. The Premier has postponed the formation of his new Government until a more convenient season. We have been promised action many times, but always the decision is reserved.

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## DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

STORE HOURS: 8:30 TO 6:00; FRIDAY, 9:30; SATURDAY, 1 P.M.



## Navy Blue Serge Suits Will Be Most Fashionable This Fall

and we are most fortunate in being in a position to offer suits of fine grade French Serges, that equal in quality those offered at similar prices last season.

It will be a real pleasure for us to show you these garments. The styles are the newest for this Fall season, and there's a splendid variety to choose from.

High-grade tailoring throughout, and they are Suits that will at once appeal to those who require garments full of style yet serviceable.

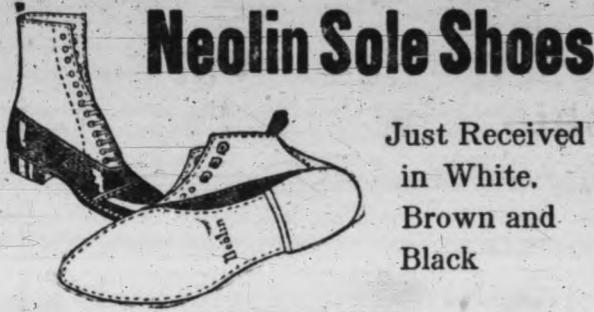
The coats feature lengths from 34 inches to about 40 inches, according to the style and size of garment. Large collars with revers—most

## SPECIALS

H. B. Brandy, 75 years old, Per bottle.	\$6.00
H. B. Brandy, 50 years old, Per bottle.	\$4.00
H. B. Brandy, 25 years old, Per bottle.	\$3.50
H. B. Brandy, Extra, Per bottle.	\$2.75
H. B. Brandy, Extra, $\frac{1}{2}$ -bottle.	\$1.50
H. B. Brandy, Diamond, Per bottle.	\$2.25
H. B. Brandy, Menton, Per bottle.	\$1.50
H. B. Brandy, Marion, Per bottle.	\$1.40
H. B. Rum, O.P., Imperial quart.	\$2.25
H. B. Rum, O.P., Imperial quart.	\$1.65
H. B. Rum, O.P., Imperial quart.	\$1.25
H. B. Rum, U.P., Imperial quart.	\$2.00
H. B. Rum, U.P., Imperial quart.	\$1.35
H. B. Rum, U.P., Imperial quart.	\$1.00

The Hudson's Bay Co.  
Open Till 10 p.m.  
1512 Douglas Street

Telephone 4253  
We Deliver



Maynard's Shoe Store  
649 YATES STREET

## Curtains

With the advent of Fall the question of new Curtains is a timely topic. May we show our well-chosen assortment of draperies? Our prices will please you.

Bungalow Nets, 50¢ to... 25¢  
Scrim, hemstitched, 35¢, 25¢  
Scrim, colored borders... 25¢  
Curtains, per pair, from \$1.00

G.A. Richardson & Co.  
Victoria House, 638 Yates St.

Leeming Bro. Ltd.  
524 Fort Street Phone 748

Wanted—Furnished Houses, 6 to 8 rooms. Fairfield and James Bay Districts preferred.

Agents for  
**Savage Tires**

**Ferris Will Buy, or Sell on Commission or by Auction**

Household Furniture, Bankrupt, Closing Out and Farm Stocks and Produce. List with me. 1412 Douglas Street. Phone 1872.

**Victoria Wood Co.**  
809 Johnson St. Phone 2274

DRY FIR-CORD—\$6.25  
WOOD, stove lengths  
Fir Kindling, 8 Bundles, \$1.00

A few reservations are open at

**SAVIRA LODGE**  
SHAWNIGAN LAKE

Home comforts and cooking. Enjoy your vacation in the country with the best of mountain climbing, fishing and boating. Special rates to families and parties.

Secure reservations early for  
**LABOR DAY HOLIDAY**

MRS. H. H. MOLONY.

"Always in Good Taste"

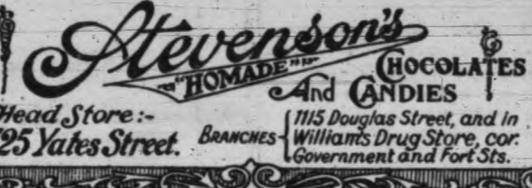
## You Can Get This Special Candy at Any of Our Stores

This week-end we will prepare a special "batch" of one of our oldest and most popular Candies—"Homemade" Butter Chips. You can call at any of our stores and get a pound of this candy. It is specially prepared and specially priced for this week-end only. The price will be, per pound..... 35c

ICE CREAM SPECIAL  
(Yates Street Store Only)

### FRESH CHERRY ICE CREAM

A delicious confection of frozen cream and fresh Morella Cherries.



### TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TO-DAY

Victoria Times, August 23, 1892.

The Government steamers Quadra and Sir James Douglas have been instructed to watch for whisky smugglers on the West Coast. Several sloops were overhauled by the Douglas last week, but no whisky was found.

A new hotel has just been opened at Cowichan Lake by Messrs. Price and Jaques, who formerly managed an hotel at Duncan. The hotel has 22 rooms.

There was a muster of three batteries of the garrison artillery yesterday, in anticipation of a visit from Major-General Herbert, and Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, who are expected in Victoria shortly.

Father Vandamme brings with him a number of maps and pictures which show some of the magnificent architectural structures of his country now in ruins.

Since last winter the visiting priest spent two months in the United States telling audiences there of the devastation which has been wrought, and appealing for funds for the relief of Belgian distress.

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## Did You Say That You Wanted to SAVE MONEY?

May we suggest that one way of doing so is to pay cash at Kirkham's?

CANDY SPECIAL	
Lowney's Chocolates, Reg. per lb. 50c.	38c
Special, lb. ....	38c
Picture Box Chocolates, 1-lb. boxes.	54c
Reg. 75c for. ....	54c
Biscuit Special, Reg. per lb. 36c for. ....	20c
Social Tea, Arrowroot, Fig Bar, Tango and other varieties.	19c

HARDWARE SPECIAL	
Hemp Cloth Lines, Reg. 25c for. ....	19c
Aluminum Double Boilers, Reg. \$2.25 for. ....	\$1.89
Aluminum Fry Pans, Reg. \$1.50 for. ....	\$1.19
Heavy Scrub Brushes, Reg. 25c for. ....	19c

## SPECIAL

DRUG SPECIAL	
Rite Feeding Bottles, Reg. 15c each.	16c
2 for. ....	16c
VEGETABLE SPECIAL	
Cooking Onions 7½ lbs. ....	25c
Island Potatoes 10 lbs. ....	25c
FRUIT SPECIAL	
Sunkist Grapefruit 4 for. ....	25c
Lemons per dozen ....	15c

MEAT SPECIALS	
Prime Ribs of Beef Per lb. ....	20c
Pot Roasts of Beef Per lb. ....	16c
Shoulders of Lamb Per lb. ....	26c
Pure Lard Per lb. ....	30c
Flake White Per lb. ....	27c
Back Bacon Per lb. 40c to. ....	35c

**H. O. KIRKHAM & CO., LTD.**  
Victoria, B. C. Duncan, B. C.  
Grocery, 178 and 179. Delivery, 5522  
Fish and Provisions, 5521. Meat, 5521

## AN ATTRACTIVE SHOW SEEN AT PANTAGES

Six High Class Acts Provide Variety of Entertainment; Grand Opera

An abundance of snappy comedy combined with a generous contribution of grand opera with added features in the shape of picturesque ballet dancing, butterfly bewilderment and ventriloquial volubility, make an especially entertaining and well balanced bill of vaudeville at the Pantages this week. It would be impossible to pick out a weak spot in the entire show. Everything is good and of the top notch variety.

Perhaps the most pretentious of the six acts is "The New Producer" which is presented in an original manner introducing a number of entrancing gems of the most popular of the grand operas. It is described as a grand opera cocktail and it is most certainly served up with refreshing effervescence.

The principal vocal artists are Bertram Peacock, Blanche Morrison and Albert Parr. An extensive repertoire includes such numbers as the "Torador Song" from Carmen, and the "Sextette from Lucia." A most delightful diversion is introduced in the person of Anna Dramic who gives an alluring interpretation of the ballet. This is an act that leaves a craving for more.

Olga Orlova, the Russian dancer, ap-

pears in an attractive opening act. Assisted by the nimble-footed Boris Yuseny, the dainty dancer makes the ten minutes assigned to the act all too short. The pedal interpretations of the "Glow Worm" by this pair is a remarkable effort. Olga springs something new by changing costume in view of the audience. Manipulating ordinary straw headgear, Moran and Wiser, edified boomerang hat throwers, make a distinct hit. The hats leave the hands of these tricksters in a variety of ways, inevitably returning from whence they came by a circuitous route. Wiser is a natural comedian and, apart from clever work, has no difficulty in keeping everybody in the best humor by his farcical antics.

Another big laugh is assured by Harry Devine and Belle Williams, who as the "Travelling Salesman and Female Drummer" are a veritable scream. Devine unleashes a lot of mirthful stuff and his plump partner is equally agreeable.

Dancing and flying is the specialty of the Curzon Sisters. They are clever exponents of the terpsichorean art while their work afloat is exceedingly good. One of the most attractive features of the act is the dance and aerial gyrations as butterflies to the pleasing strains of "Poor Butterflies." The Curzon Sisters are a versatile couple and their act is a most unusual one.

Harry Coleman, the Twentieth Century ventriloquist, and his dummy Sammy, are old favorites. Harry Devine, no equal in the ventriloquial line and never fails to get a big hand.

### ONE MAN'S PUBLICITY.

In course of life the average man is noticed by the press, to wit: His date of birth, his marriage date, Divorce proceeding and obit.

## Light Breakfasts

Thoughtful people these days are urging economy in eating, and many are even advocating "no breakfast."

The "no breakfast" plan may agree with some, but most people feel better and work better on at least a light breakfast.

A great many have found that a liberal dish of Grape-Nuts, served with cream, milk, or fruit juice, furnishes ample morning nourishment, is easily digested, and promotes buoyancy and clearness of mind.

## Grape-Nuts

contains all the nourishing goodness of wheat and barley, including the vital mineral salts of the grain, and is a most delicious food.

### "There's a Reason"

Made in Canada

Sold by Grocers

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

## MILITARY STYLES

### ARE NOW PREVALENT

Silk and Wool Sweaters Are Shorter Than Formerly; Linen Frock

New York, Aug. 20.—It was only natural to expect that in these times of war, women's clothes would show the military influence, but, somehow, there have not been quite as many military styles on the whole as we would have thought. Here and there, however, sprinkled among the distinctly feminine frocks, some strictly military frocks appear. One of the most successful dresses on this order is the frock with the cape pictured here. Capes have been rampant ever since the spring and early summer, and now they are attached to dresses and have become quite an important feature of the fashions.

Much of the charm of these capes is due to the pretty linings which they reveal when they are blown open by the wind. Patterned silks with flow-

ers, ribbons and bows, are some of the prettiest linings.

## "The Gift Centre"

### Beautiful Hand Cut Cameo Jewellery

There is an indescribable something about Cameo Jewellery that no other Jewellery possesses. Perhaps this is due to its appearance of miniature sculpturing which places it among the categories of art.

RINGS, BROOCHES, NECKLACES

In the above pieces we are now showing, in the Cameo are some really beautiful specimens which are modestly priced and carved into designs to suit YOU.

Your inspection is respectfully solicited.

## Mitchell & Duncan

LIMITED

Successors to Shortt, Hill & Duncan, Ltd., Jewelers, Central Building, Corner View and Bread Sts.

C. P. R. and B. C. Electric Watch Inspectors.



A Military Dress With Silk-Lined Cape.

past. There are slip-over sweaters which are sometimes worn like waistcoats with white silk skirts, pleated or plain. The favorite colors are rose, blue and green, also yellow and the cool-looking corn color. The sweaters opened down the front and belted with soft sashes have not been forsaken for the slip-over models. There is a certain grace and softness about them that makes them ever desirable. No summer wardrobe is really complete without a couple of these charming

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# O'Connell Gives Away Another Automobile



This 1917 5-Passenger Overland Car to Be Given Away

EVERY DOLLAR'S WORTH OF MERCHANDISE  
PURCHASED ALLOWS YOU A CHANCE TO WIN IT

The tremendous popularity of our recent Chevrolet and Grafonola competitions has prompted us to inaugurate this gift of a fine Overland Car. Guessing will be along the lines of our previous competitions.

Bottles of beans, previously filled by representatives of the press, will be on view in our windows. This competition will close on Monday, 24th of December, and anyone is eligible to enter except members of this firm and staff.

In filling your clothing needs at this store, you will not only have an opportunity to participate in this competition, but any money you spend will purchase the utmost of good value. Our stock of Fall Suits and Overcoats is now at its very best. Here you will find Suits in the best of pure wool fabrics and choice patterns. Some particularly smart Pinch-lapels are now included in the display. Your Underwear needs can be filled here, at prices that prevailed eighteen months or two years ago. We are now receiving delivery of some orders that we placed long before the present rise took place.

As in previous years, we are the British Columbia representatives of the British Empire's largest fur house—The Sellers-Gough Fur Company, of Toronto. For your selection we are now showing the smartest modes in black and cross fox, lynx, mink and other popular furs, as well as a particularly good collection of Hudson Seal Coats in plain and fur-trimmed modes.



1117  
Government  
Street

O'CONNELL'S  
LTD.

1117  
Government  
Street



AGE BEGINS TO TELL  
WHEN EDDIE HITS 'EM

Otherwise Collins is the Same  
Wonder of Old; Jackson  
Also Slow at Bat

Eddie Collins undoubtedly is feeling his age just a little bit. Always a slow starter, he is lagging more than ever this season in hitting the ball. His average is lower now than it is custom at this time of the year.

Collins is fielding just as brilliantly, thinking just as rapidly and is not slowing perceptibly in his base running. His appearances on first base, however, have been too few to allow much base-stealing or run-scoring.

Even when Collins was with the Mack machine and enjoying the height of his ability, it always required a few weeks or more than a month for him to reach the zenith of his batting stride. Usually the end of a season found him disputing batting premiership with Ty Cobb and Joe Jackson, although his average never reached the notch set by those batting stars.

If Collins were to swing into his old-time batting form at this stage of the race his assistance would be sufficient in itself, it is believed by most critics, to carry the Sox to a championship. And, if he should suddenly receive the assistance of Joe Jackson's old-time Cleveland form the American league race probably would be over just about as suddenly.

Strangely, neither Jackson nor Collins has been able to hit the season's opening with batting strength since becoming members of the White Sox. Jackson's average never was so low as it is now and he seems totally incapable of throwing off the slump.

The drop of this pair in batting is

one thing the dope overlooked in picking the White Sox as favorites in the Johnson scramble. They are the players who make the Sox or wreck them. Even with their batting low their efforts are sufficient inspiration to other members of the team to count a great deal.

COBB OLDEST PLAYER  
IN HIS LEAGUE NOW

The passing of Sam Crawford, veteran Detroit outfielder, leaves Ty Cobb the oldest player in point of service in the American League. Hugh Jennings, manager of Detroit, has decided that Crawford is no longer valuable to his club.

With the going of Larry Lajoie and Bob Wallace, Crawford became the real veteran of the American League. But he did not retain that distinction long. Soon after the other two stars departed Sam's star began to fade and now he is through as player. Jennings did not even take him east on the Tiger's last trip.

Crawford will not play again but will attempt to carve his name in the hall of fame as a manager and is slated to go to the Pacific Coast League, probably as pilot of the San Francisco Club.

Crawford played in the American League since its inception and was one of the greatest players in the ranks. He was one of the shining lights on the Detroit Club long before Cobb was introduced and did not take a back seat for the Georgian until 1912, when long years of service began to tell. For years he was acknowledged the hardest hitter in baseball and in that respect outshone Cobb. He led the league in home runs one season, three times in triples and once in two baggers. He retires from the game with a grand batting average of more than .300. In eleven of all the years he played he batted above the coveted .300 figures and in the other seasons was credited with averages of between .280 and .300.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, quarts, \$2.75 per dozen.

BENDER AND PLANK  
STILL EXCELLING

New York, Aug. 22.—Anyone who doubts the onrushing fight of the Athletics to win world's championship can be referred to day-to-day to these facts:

Charles Albert Bender, one of the stars cut loose by Connie Mack when he wrecked his famous team, has won three successive games by shutouts and has a string of four consecutive victories. Gelby Jack Coombs has been a consistent pitcher for Brooklyn until this season and still has enough pitching ability to deserve many more years.

Eddie Plank turned in his uniform only a few days ago—not because he could no longer pitch, but because he was ill. He was having a successful season. There they are, the three stars of the last Mack hope-crusher, and they were veterans when Mack decided to drop them.

Bender's fine record.

Bender's record is the most imposing. Beginning on August 6, when he defeated the Cubs six to two, the famous Chipewa has won eight straight quartets of games. His record of shutouts began on August 14 against the Braves when he dropped them, 3 to 0, the Braves collecting only four hits. On August 18 he met the Pirates, turning them back, 2 to 0, with three hits. Yesterday he again faced the Cubs and this time Kid Duff was the only man to hit safely. He got one hit.

Major League Gossip.

Ty Cobb was among the absent, so Detroit skidded.

Hi Myers hit safely, five times out of six tries as the Pirates and Dodgers went to a thirteen-inning draw.

MAMMAUX IN WRONG.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 23.—Albert Mamau, pitcher of the Pittsburgh National League Club, was notified by Barney Dreyfuss, president of the club, that he had been suspended for the remainder of the season and that a fine of \$500 had been imposed upon him for participating in an amateur game here last Sunday.

GAINER AND GANDELL SCRAP.

At the close of the American League game, in which Chicago defeated Detroit, Del Gainer and Chic Gandal engaged in a fist fight in the Chicago dugouts. Gandal claimed Gainer attempted to spike him when he slid into first in the fourth inning. The struggle was short as the men were stopped by their team-mates.

PROMOTES ANOTHER GILA

W. H. DAVIES

Who has been active since the war began in keeping sport alive in the city, and who is now organizing another swimming gala at the Gorge.

C. P. R. TAKE OVER PARK.

Athletic Park, at the corner of Fifth Avenue and Bemlock Street, opened several years ago by the Athletic Park Company, and which since then has been the home of the Vancouver Baseball Club, has been taken over by the C. P. R. from which the property was leased originally, and will be conducted by the railway company in future. The grounds will still be available for local soccer clubs, and it is altogether likely that the footballers will play there this season. In the event of the Northwestern League operating again, next season arrangements will also be made for the use of the Fifth Avenue Park by the local Club.

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## VANCOUVER SWIMMERS

### TO COMPETE FOR CUP

Competition for Lipscombe Cup Really Proficiency Test; Boy is Sensation

Members of the Vancouver Amateur Swimming Club will compete on Saturday next for the Lipscombe Cup, emblematic of the all-round championship. All details in connection with the event were completed at meeting of the executive committee of the club Tuesday night. R. Granger is the present all-round champion and he will defend his title this week.

The Lipscombe Cup event is in reality a proficiency test. The conditions call for a running dive off the board, a plain header from the middle dive, optional dive, 50-yard free style, 25-yard breast stroke, 25-yard backward without use of arms and one long plunge. The judges will award points for the various classes, the cup going to the competitor making the best showing. Proficiency badges will go to the others who make above a certain percentage.

#### Long-Distance Swim.

On Monday the second long-distance swim of the season will take place this season, the course being from English Bay to Kitsilano. The start will be made at 6:15 o'clock sharp. All swimmers making the swim under 45 minutes will be awarded medallions.

#### Boy Proves Sensation.

Vaughn Brydone-Jack, a 15-year-old lad, is proving the sensation of the local swimming season. He started in another club event last evening—the 880-yard handicap—and was right up in front at the finish. His net time was 14 minutes 49.25 seconds. Austin, with a mark of 17 minutes 59.35 seconds, was the winner, just finishing two yards ahead of his rival. Austin got a start of fully six lengths. Randall won the second heat, with Curran second. Randall, Curran and Austin are in the final.

#### SPORT SPUTTERINGS

Well, the Cubs got stung. They wanted Shortstop Hollocher, of the Portland Club, very badly, but the latter turned the deal off because the Cubs couldn't deliver Dutch Reutter, who was claimed by the Reds.

Managers are making all sorts of excuses these days when they let out a player. Huge Bezdek is still getting the "Ha Ha" from the fans because he said he let go of Joe Wilhoit for not "showing the proper spirit." Some alibi.

If you notice a particularly wise look on the countenance of Christy Mathewson these days, don't imagine he has discovered the secret of perpetual motion. He's only waiting for Scout Larry Sutton to come back from the bushes with that brace of new pitchers.

Harry Harper is receiving the congratulations of the fans after his recovery from the injury to his shoulder which threatened to end his baseball career. Harry has "come back" and is putting up a fine game for the Senators.

Al Mamaux tried to pitch for Pittsburgh on July 17. The Braves scored six runs on him before he could be jerked out of the box in the first inning. And then the Pittsburgh Club fondly imagines anybody would offer a 25-cent bit for the former star.

Cari Mays held the St. Louis Browns to four hits on July 18 and no runs. Ernie Koob allowed eight hits and would not have been scored on but for a wild throw by Severoid. It was the first good game Koob had pitched since his no-hit contest early in the season and indicated that Fidler Jones now has another twirler ripe for work.

The St. Louis Browns, who were complaining of poor pitching, certainly have had no complaint to make lately. Sotheron is doing some wonderful work. Dave Davenport held the Red Sox to two hits in one game of the series and even old Eddie Plank is showing class that made him famous ten years ago. It's not pitching that's the matter with the Browns, that is evident.

Harry Pitenger, the schoolboy pitcher recently signed by the Cleveland Indians, is a real cutie little thing. Harry is a little bit of a shaver, only six feet seven inches tall and tips the beam when he doesn't bust it, at 220 pounds.

The Cubs are betting their last cent on Ralph Miller, recently recruited from the Waterloo Central Association. They predict that Ralph is going to be another Heinte Zim.

Pitcher Jim Bagby's record of innings without a run being scored on him was stopped by the Yankees on July 16, when they scored in the fourth inning of the game with the Indians that day. Bagby thus made it thirty-eight scoreless innings. He started his scoreless record against the White Sox on June 30, and pitched shutout games against St. Louis, Boston and Washington while he was at it.

The reason for John McGraw resigning Jace Murray is explained by the statement that Dave Robertson has enlisted in the army medical corps and is likely to be called into service at any time. Robertson wants to go to France and probably will have his wish before fall.

That English king who said: "A horse, a horse, my kingdom for a horse," never wanted the nag any more

than Hughie Jennings wants a couple of good pitchers. If he could get them Detroit would look like a sure pennant winner and Hughie would even give two kingdoms for them.

## OTTAWA HOCKEY STAR SERIOUSLY WOUNDED

Montreal, Aug. 23.—Sport followers throughout the Dominion learned with regret yesterday that the athletic career of little Angie Duford, crack Ottawa professional hockey player, are done.

Duford is one of the many N. H. A. players who went to the front. He enlisted in the winter of 1916, and went overseas last summer. He was through some of the heaviest fighting, and had many close calls until about six weeks ago, when he was blown up by a shell. He was treated in France for some time and then removed to England. When admitted to a hospital there, his condition was precarious, as one of his arms and the muscles in his left side had been paralyzed by shrapnel. An operation saved his life, but he can never play hockey again.

Duford was well-known to Pacific Coast hockey enthusiasts. As a member of the champion Ottawa team of 1915 he visited this city and played in the world's series. While in the West he made many friends.

## LALONDE FOUGHT AND RESULT WAS A RIOT

Montreal, Aug. 23.—In a city championship game of lacrosse on Saturday which was featured by rowdiness, the Shamrocks won from Nationals by a score of 13 to 12. "Newsy" Lalonde, of Nationals, started the trouble by hitting McCallum, of the Shamrocks. The latter hit back and both offenders were banished from the remaining twenty-five minutes of the game. Then a general roar ensued, and the police cleared the field of all the "sports" not entitled to be there, and Hyland and Boulianne were given a ten-minute rest. Later on the teams played with eight men a side, the other players having been penalized for rough work.

## TENNIS RETURNS TARDY.

The secretary of the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club, V. C. Martin, requests all those who have still to turn in money derived from the sale of tickets for the Red Cross Tournament, or unused tickets themselves, to do so as soon as possible and greatly oblige the committee by enabling them to ascertain the financial returns at the earliest moment.

## BASEBALL RECORDS

NATIONAL LEAGUE		
Montreal	22	63
Philadelphia	28	59
St. Louis	61	55
Cincinnati	62	58
Chicago	60	56
Brooklyn	54	58
Boston	37	60
Pittsburg	36	56

WON, LOST, PCT.

AMERICAN LEAGUE		
Chicago	12	.61
Boston	50	.45
Cleveland	65	.55
Detroit	60	.57
New York	55	.58
Washington	54	.59
Philadelphia	42	.59
St. Louis	45	.53

WON, LOST, PCT.

COAST LEAGUE		



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## FIRST ROUND IN CRICKET TOURNEY

Wanderers, Olympics and Indians Emerge Victors From Yesterday's Play

Perfect cricket weather graced the opening of the Red Cross Cricket Tournament yesterday and compensated in a great measure for the absence of the large audiences anticipated. Singularly, the game which proved the most engrossing of the three played attracted the smallest number of spectators, there being a mere handful out to witness the "Wanderers" triumph over the visiting Vancouver eleven. The display of free hitting given by Goward and Freeman on this ground had been unparalleled since the last visit of the Australians.

With the excellent total of 162 runs at the end of their innings the Vancouverites quite naturally lapsed into a placid frame of mind, satisfied that their effort at bat had surely won the match, but that score, considerable though it was, acquired a rather sickly aspect before the opposing wicket-wielders had spent much time at the wickets.

### Three Good Scores.

Several of the Vancouver players were responsible for very creditable scores, notable among them being Shotton, Wilson and York, and the one man on the side who did not score was not out.

Wilson made some delightful shots and scored his runs in very fast fashion. Shotton was also somewhat punishing whilst York towards the end of the side played a characteristic innings of 23 before being unfortunately run out. These two players along with Illingworth whose effort was most useful, helped the score along in very brisk style. The Wanderers had nothing approaching a satisfactory line-up of trundlers and that they disposed of the Vancouver aggregation for 162 is quite a feather in the cap of their captain, for it was due to his inability in changing the bowlers at the right moment in the right way.

### Goward Scintillates.

The Wanderers from the start of their innings at bat indicated their resolve to overcome the rather good score of their opponents before the play should be over. Stevens played forcing cricket for his 23, whilst Ismay, before being run out showed up to great advantage. The real fast scoring of the day, however, was the result of the partnership between Freeman and Captain Goward, the skipper batting in whirlwind style, three sixes and numerous fours being included in his innings of 90. He and Freeman who gave a splendid display of cricket, the best he has put up this season, sent ball after ball into neighboring flower-beds to the discomfort of the harrassed fielders who probably did not receive this opportunity of making a minute examination of Victoria's floral capabilities with any excessive degree of gratitude. The scorer also was sadly over-worked, but derived much pleasure from his task recording the home team's victory.

### Near the Century.

Freeman was the first to go, after giving a pretty exhibition of leg-hitting, Illingworth bowling him off his pads. Goward continued on his merry path for a long time, though fortunate in being missed in the long field several times, and everyone was disappointed when he was caught in the slips by York after hitting a little too low at one of Illingworth's deliveries. He lacked but ten of his century. Booth and Pite also contributed a valuable mite each.

The Vancouver bowling was quite good at times, Davey's deadly twisting up the latter Wanderer batsman in no uncertain fashion. The deliveries of Illingworth and York also were conspicuously meritless, and they may gain some slight consolation from the knowledge that Goward when in a merry mood is likely to break the heart of any bowler. It was a delightful little game throughout and it is a pity that more could not have availed themselves of the pleasure of witnessing it. Following are the detailed results:

### Vancouver.

O. L. Bancroft, b Goward ..... 9  
H. Shotton, b Mitchell ..... 11  
E. V. B. Davy, b Fletcher ..... 12  
C. Illingworth, b Mitchell, b Fletcher ..... 13  
T. F. Hurley, c Booth, b Fletcher ..... 14  
J. Lomas, b Freeman ..... 15  
G. Wilson, b Mitchell ..... 16  
J. B. Mandy, bow. b Goward ..... 17  
E. A. Lock, b. bow. ..... 18  
W. York, run out ..... 19  
I. Ismay, b Mitchell ..... 20  
Total ..... 128

### Wanderers.

M. B. Lloyd, b Shotton ..... 11  
Q. M. S. Stevens, b Davy ..... 12  
A. F. Mitchell, b Shotton ..... 13  
D. Freeman, b Illingworth ..... 14  
A. Ismay, run out ..... 15  
H. Goward, b. bow. b Illingworth ..... 16  
A. Booth, not out ..... 17  
P. Goward, b York ..... 18  
H. Letham, b Davey ..... 19  
S. W. Barclay, b Davey ..... 20  
N. F. Pite, b York ..... 21  
Extras ..... 15

### Bowling Analysis.

Wanderers O. W. R.  
Davey ..... 9 3 62  
Lomas ..... 3 0 14  
Shotton ..... 6 2 67  
Illingworth ..... 8 2 47  
Wilson ..... 1 9 12  
York ..... 5 3 23

Vancouver  
Goward ..... 11 2 42  
Mitchell ..... 8 3 33  
Freeman ..... 6 1 34  
Fletcher ..... 6 3 27  
Ismay ..... 3 0 13

OLYMPICS DEFEAT E. M. C. H.

The game at Beacon Hill proved to be one of a very different character but not the least bit inferior from the point of

interest aroused. Though the scoring was low the fielding was of a high order and the cricket taking all into consideration, very keen. The first innings of the winners ended with the score of 86, in the compiling of which Verral and Davies were the most successful batsmen. Their bowling however was too much for the E. M. C. H., who were only able to reply with 38.

The second attempt of the Olympics and Davies each made excellent totals of 41, and these, with one or two other double figures enabled them to consummate the much better result of 143 runs. In their second opportunity at bat the losers were all out for 42. The full scores follow:

Olympics (First Innings).

F. Warren, c Bryson, b Silverwood ..... 5  
H. Edwards, b Welch ..... 24  
E. Verral, run out ..... 24  
J. Harrigan, c and b Silverwood ..... 6  
H. S. May, b Singlehurst ..... 10  
Ast. Paym. Lipton, c Bryson, b King ..... 2  
F. Bosson, c Silverwood, Singlehurst ..... 15  
J. Davies, not out ..... 15  
E. Quanton, c Dawson, b Singlehurst ..... 9  
P. C. Payne, b Singlehurst ..... 9  
Extras ..... 4

Total ..... 86

(Second Innings).

F. Warren, c McMinn, b Welch ..... 13  
H. Edwards, b Singlehurst ..... 20  
E. Verral, not out ..... 8  
J. Harrigan, b Welch ..... 12  
H. S. May, c Dawson, b Welch ..... 41  
Ast. Paym. Lipton, b Welch ..... 41  
F. Bosson, c Singlehurst ..... 2  
J. Davies, b Welch ..... 10  
E. Quanton, c and b Welch ..... 2  
P. C. Payne, b Singlehurst ..... 1  
Extras ..... 3

Total ..... 143

E. M. C. H.

E. M. C. H. (First Innings).  
Capt. Baker, b. b. Verral ..... 4  
Capt. Craddock, c Warren, b Radcliffe ..... 1  
Pte. Bryson, b. Verral ..... 1  
Sergt. Tipper, b Radcliffe ..... 6  
Lee-Cpl. Silverwood, b. Verral ..... 8  
Sergt. Welch, not out ..... 2  
Sergt. Barton, c Payne, b Verral ..... 10  
Lieut. King, b Radcliffe ..... 0  
Sergt. McMinn, not out ..... 1  
Pte. Singlehurst, st Edwards, b Radcliffe ..... 1  
Extras ..... 0

Total ..... 41

(Second Innings).

Capt. Baker, b. b. Davies ..... 6  
Capt. Craddock, b. b. Verral ..... 6  
Pte. Bryson, c. Warren, b. Payne ..... 1  
Sergt. Tipper, c. b. Davies ..... 8  
Lee-Cpl. Silverwood, b. Verral ..... 2  
Sergt. Welch, not out ..... 2  
Sergt. Barton, b. Verral ..... 1  
Lieut. King, b. Radcliffe ..... 0  
Sergt. McMinn, not out ..... 1  
Pte. Singlehurst, b. Davies ..... 1  
Extras ..... 0

Total ..... 41

(Second Innings).

Capt. Baker, b. b. Davies ..... 6  
Capt. Craddock, b. b. Verral ..... 6  
Pte. Bryson, c. Warren, b. Payne ..... 1  
Sergt. Tipper, c. b. Davies ..... 8  
Lee-Cpl. Silverwood, b. Verral ..... 2  
Sergt. Welch, not out ..... 2  
Sergt. Barton, b. Verral ..... 1  
Lieut. King, b. Radcliffe ..... 0  
Sergt. McMinn, not out ..... 1  
Pte. Singlehurst, b. Davies ..... 1  
Extras ..... 0

Total ..... 41

Bowling Analysis.

Olympics: First O. W. R.  
Welch ..... 6 1 23  
Silverwood ..... 6 2 21  
Singlehurst ..... 5 4 25  
King ..... 3 2 13

Second Innings:

Welch ..... 12 6 46  
Silverwood ..... 4 21 23  
Singlehurst ..... 4 28 25  
King ..... 3 0 26

E. M. C. H.: First:

Verral ..... 5 4 12  
Radcliffe ..... 4 2 11

Second Innings:

Verral ..... 8 2 6  
Davies ..... 0 0 6  
Davies ..... 4 4 7  
Harrigan ..... 3 1 11  
Bosson ..... 3 1 11  
Payne ..... 3 1 1

INCOS CONTINUE VICTORIOUS.

The Incos continued their victorious career on their home grounds yesterday in defeating the Garrison after a good sporting game of cricket. These clubs are playing their regular league teams in the tournament without any changes whatever. The Garrison started in very well, but their efforts were soon overruled and ended double file. Parnell played one of his best games of the season and he in partnership with Montague put on 70 by excellent cricket before they separated. Both fell to Major, being well caught by Ackroyd at the wicket. Robertson played well in scoring his 21, but the successive batters found York a baffling puzzle and were all out for 28.

Armstrong and Sparks, for the Incos, made a resolute stand, the former especially showing good cricket. Saturday's accident quite evidently had a deleterious effect on Ackroyd's play, but upon York joining Sparks, the score mounted from 22 to 148, the newcomer contributing 21 by good cricket. After proving a trifling slow at first Sparks opened out towards the end and was scoring rapidly at the termination of his regime at bat. The last two balls of the match were hit by Major for six each. The results follow:

Garrison.

F. B. Patten, c Ackroyd, b Major ..... 44  
Sgt. Montgomery, c Ackroyd, b Major ..... 30  
Lieut. Robertson, c Ackroyd, b Sparks ..... 21  
J. H. Tucker, c Harkey, b York ..... 9  
Pegler, c York, b Pegler ..... 1  
Q. M. S. Askey, b. b. Major ..... 4  
Carr, Hilton, b Sparks ..... 8  
R. H. Pooley, not out ..... 2

Sparks, c Schwengen, b York ..... 0

J. Weeks, c and b York ..... 0

F. Weeks, b York ..... 0

Extras ..... 9

Total ..... 148

INCOS: Second:

T. Hankey, c Wells ..... 6  
F. L. Irwin, c and b Wells ..... 25  
J. Armstrong, b Wells ..... 25  
F. A. Sparks, retired ..... 78

A. H. Ackroyd, c Wells, b Tucker ..... 12

L. S. V. York, retired ..... 31

C. Schwengen, b Pegler ..... 3

H. H. Allen, b Wells ..... 7

J. Wenman, not out ..... 1

Major, not out ..... 13

Extras ..... 5

Total for 8 wickets ..... 151

Wenman did not bat.

HONORS REST EVENLY WITH EAST AND WEST

With East and West

Forest Hills, N. Y., Aug. 22.—At the close of the fourth round of the national patriotic singles law tennis tournament here to-day, two Californians and two Eastern players had won their way into the semi-final round. R. Lindley Murray, of Niagara Falls, N. Y., but formerly of the far Coast, moved into the advanced bracket and will meet John R. Strachan, of San Francisco, in the upper half to-morrow. R. Norris Williams, II., of Boston, the present title holder, also came through in the lower half with N. W. Niles, of Boston, and regardless of the outcome of to-morrow's matches, the final round will bring together an ex-

ponent of the East versus the Far West school of tennis players.

Although there was an absence of the upsets which marked the opening round of the play for the tennis association ambulance fund, there was at least one surprise which startled the close followers of lawn tennis.

Murray Hard Pressed.

Craig Biddle, of Philadelphia, forced R. Lindley Murray, of Niagara Falls, N. Y., former of California, to draw on every ounce of his endurance and skill in order to win after a grueling five-set match which hung in the balance until the final set.

— Murray Hard Pressed.

Charles Garland, of Pittsburgh, beat Marshall Allen in the junior section 6-1, 6-0, 6-1.

"He was too good for me," wired back the Seattle boy after the match.

"He played a wonderful back-court game and I could not play effectively, which accounts for my defeat."

Allen added that the weather was very humid—and local followers believe that the heat, together with the handicap of playing on grass courts, proved the undoing of the Seattle boy.

The contest between R. Norris Williams, II., of Boston, and Harold A. Throckmorton, of Elizabeth, N. J., was another five-set battle of thrills which Williams finally won at 6-1, 4-6, 6-4, 6-3, 6-3.

Charles S. Garland, of Pittsburgh, the youngest of the third-round survivors, was eliminated by John R. Strachan, of San Francisco, in four sets at 6-1, 6-2, 6-2, 6-3.

The victory of N. W. Niles, of Boston, over Clarence J. Griffin, of San Francisco, was even easier. Niles ran out in straight sets by scores of 6-1, 6-3, 6-0.

Major, the youngest of the third-round survivors, was eliminated by John R. Strachan, of San Francisco, in four sets at 6-1, 6-2, 6-2, 6-3.

Major A. N. S. Jackson has been awarded a bar to his D. S. O. for conspicuous gallantry. It is just five years ago that Jackson won his wonderful race in the 1,500 metres at the Olympic games at Stockholm, perhaps the greatest race of that gathering.

Sir Eric Geddes, the new First Lord of the Admiralty, is a brother of J. C. Geddes, one of Scotland's leading international fencers, towards and captains. Another brother is Brigadier-General A. C. Geddes, in his day a well-known Edinburgh Rugby player.

Mr. Tom Mantell, who was many years ago a famous sprinter and jumper, and who is credited with afeat of having jumped over a horse and van while practising on the road at Lewes, has relinquished the position of chief bailiff of the Eastbourne County Court, after forty years' service.

WIN COMMENDATION FOR BREAKING LAW

FOR BREAKING LAW

New York, Aug. 22.—Declaring that instead of being summoned into court to answer a charge of violating the Sunday law they should be commanded for rendering service to a patriotic cause, Police Court Magistrate McQuade yesterday dismissed summonses against John McGraw, manager of the New York Nationals, and Christy Mathewson manager of the Cincinnati Nationals. They conducted a baseball game Sunday, the proceeds of a band concert following it going to dependents of a regiment that is soon to go to France.

ICE HOCKEY PLANS.

San Francisco, Aug. 22.—Plans for a Pacific Coast Hockey League, to embrace Los Angeles, Portland, Seattle, Spokane and San Francisco, were discussed here to-day by owners of ice skating rinks in those cities. No definite action was taken.

# Great Savings Over Regular Prices, and Our Regular Prices Are Always "Lowest-in-the-City" —

We began to gather it in the beginning of the year, when we seized every opportunity to buy our Fall stock at prices much less than is being quoted at the present time. In some instances we saved over 25%.

In all cases we obtained great concessions by paying spot cash. Many lines we cannot duplicate at any price. Comparison will prove to you that we give the best of merchandise at "Lowest in the City" prices.

## We Are Showing Some New Fall Suits at \$15.00

We have just opened some Fall Suits, made of worsted cloths in neat patterns, cut in good business styles and nicely finished. Complete range of sizes. Specially marked at

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## Athletic Underwear at \$1.00 Per Suit

20 Dozen Men's Athletic Underwear, made of nice fine-checked muslin. All sizes. Worth \$1.50 per suit. Special offer, **\$1.00**

## Men's Caps, Values to \$2.50 at \$1.00

## DRY WEATHER KEEPS FIRE WARDENS BUSY

Five New Fires on Island Caused by Carelessness of Campers

Attention is again called by the Forest Branch of the Department of Lands to the fact that considerable concern is being occasioned by the Department by reason of persistent carelessness on the part of campers in various sections of the Island. Negligence in this respect has resulted in five new fires during the past week, according to the report handed in this morning.

The general situation throughout the province, except in the northern districts, is still regarded as hazardous by reason of a continuation of the hot spell. The light rain during the week-end was totally insufficient to assure safety. While all fires are now under control, with damage comparatively slight, a constant watch is required by the Fire Wardens.

Spreading From U.S.

In the Nelson district several fresh fires have been caused by lightning, while other outbreaks in the same locality, crossing from the United States boundary, threaten serious proportions unless rain intervenes. The conditions generally are very hot and dry, with thunderstorms threatening this morning.

On the Island, four fires are still burning, but under control, the hazardous conditions improving with the prospects of early rain. Loss of a quantity of logs near Union Bay, the property of the Canadian Robert Dolan Company, is reported by telegram to the Department this morning.

Nothing Serious.

In the Prince Rupert and Hazelton districts there are no fires reported and damp weather indicates safety from further trouble for the moment. While the temperature is still high at Fort George there are no fires and the condition is stated to be satisfactory. Heavy local showers in the Kamloops district have removed the danger for the moment, but continued hot weather is increasing the hazard.

At Cranbrook there are some small fires all under control. Hot dry weather is being tempered by occasional

showers and conditions are described in this morning's report as hopeful.

At Vernon there are four fires burning, with the outposts considered serious, weather being hot and dry.

### AGAINST COMPULSION

Trades and Labor Council Delegates Will Go to Convention With Unchanged Views on Subject.

For the purpose of determining the stand to be taken at the forthcoming convention of the B. C. Confederation of Labor, to be held in Vancouver on September 3, by the delegates from the Victoria Trades and Labor Council, a resolution was passed at the meeting in the Labor Hall last night by 16 to 4 in opposition to the conscription of man power. The terms of the motion also authorize the delegates to support the introduction of anti-conscription candidates at the forthcoming elections.

The following is the resolution passed last night: "Resolved that the delegates be instructed to take the stand as being unalterably opposed to conscription of man power, and to support the introduction of the anti-conscription candidates at the forthcoming elections." Voting on this resolution by representatives of the various locals, for and against, resulted as follows: Longshoremen, 3; Steam Engineers, 2; Painters, 1; Shipwrights, 1; Tailors, 2; Street Railwaymen, 2; Typographical 1; Brewery Workers, 1; Carpenters, 2; Plumbers, 1; Total 16. Against—Plumbers, 1; Musicians, 1; Moulders, 1; Shipwrights, 1; Total, 4.

That the conscription of man power should be opposed until such time as conscription of wealth had been enforced and the referendum vote of the people had been taken, was the essence of another resolution passed by the meeting last night. Messrs. Wells and Simmons were the delegates appointed and they will go to Vancouver backed up by the local Labor Council to oppose by whatever means possible the bringing in of conscription.

There seems no limit to the outrages on the King's English wrought by cinema theatre proprietors. "Featurizing" was an abomination which moved to revolt all lovers of our language; "picturization" was worse, but there, it was thought, atrocities would stop. But no. From the top of a picture palace in South London flams in big letters the announcement that this week is presented "the picturization of Sullivan's celebrated song 'The Lost Chord.'"—London Chronicle.

## WOMEN'S ARMY FORM TO FIGHT IF NEEDED

Battalion Organizing In Vancouver Will Offer Itself to Government

In Vancouver there has been set foot within the last few weeks a scheme to organize a new Canadian women's army to fight in the trenches of France or do any other war work needed. Mrs. Janet Kemp and a dozen or more Vancouver women are at the back of the movement, and some of the ladies have already been equipped with uniforms of khaki, in regulation military style, with tan boots and wide-brimmed hat. Classes have been started, and there will be regular instruction in rifle drill, physical drill and ambulance work. Major Jimmy Robinson, a veteran who is known all over Canada and who is vice-president of the Great War Veterans' Association, has promised to act as drill instructor.

Next Monday night in the Labor Temple a meeting is to be held of those interested in the movement, and a telegram will afterwards be sent to Ottawa offering the services of the women. As the battalion is to be organized on strictly military lines an age limit has been fixed from 21 to 45.

It is not yet definitely decided what limits will be imposed, but the physical requirements will demand women who are strong and fit. The members will be required to furnish their own uniforms unless the Government can be persuaded to take over the organization, which is to be recruited from all over the province. It is felt that the women are ready to fight if needed, like the women of Russia, many of whom are now in the fighting-line with their brothers-in-arms holding back the Germans.

## COURT REQUIRES AN INDEPENDENT ENGINEER

Sequel to Privy Council Appeal Will Be Presented to City Council

The City Council will be called upon shortly to appoint on behalf of the Water Commissioner an independent engineer to advise in regard to the amount in dispute between the city and the contracting company for Sooke Waterworks, being the sum over the contract figure which actual construction cost under municipal management.

This necessity is laid upon the defendants in the recent lawsuit before the Privy Council, as one of the important auxiliaries to their lordships having given judgment for the defendant corporation. The Court pointed out that such an officer would be more likely to give an unbiased verdict than the Commissioner himself.

The London agents of the city have so advised the City Solicitor, who has forwarded a statement to the City Council which the Mayor will bring up on Monday. That communication explains the exact status of the matter, and states that at the October sitting the judges of the Court intend to hand down reasons for finding in favor of the city.

When the original trial took place, the judge in Supreme Court had the advice of two leading civil engineers as assessors.

The importance of the matter lies in the fact that the city has commenced a lawsuit to collect the sum in excess. This is the amount which the city has paid on construction, above the payments on quantities as set out in the Westholme contract, the claim being against the Westholme Co. and the United States Fidelity and Guarantee Company for \$247,264.

### THE PERIODS.

How can I eat that hashy stew. When they have cut me near in two? Take it away, dear nurse, do.

And let me go to sleep. It's bad enough to gas a chap And butcher him near off the map. Then offer stew to fill the gap.

Two stow again the second day; It sounds me of the milky way.

However, nurse, let it stay—

I'll take a teeny tick.

Praps I'd better take it hot.

Reckument, like a Hottentot.

Geel after all, that stuff has got

A little bit of click.

I wonder what's the bill of fare?

I'd like to ask, but wouldn't dare.

And yet, there seemeth in the air A lovely, savory smell.

How long it seems to dinner time!

Supper had forgotten mine!

Say, pardner, is it twelve we dine?

There goes the dinner bell!

W. F.

No Earl's Court, no Shepherd's Bush no Crystal Palace this summer. It is an exhibitionless year, as were its two predecessors. Shall we go back after the war to exhibitions, with bands, open-air cafes, switchback railways, welcome clubs and so on, or will the pleasure-seekers find air and recreation in a continuation of the vegetable entertainment that has seen so well begun? It is unlikely that when peace comes the suburbanites will suddenly cease to be gardeners who grow food instead of flowers, but it is equally unlikely that facilities will not be granted for the exhibition habit to assert itself in the summers that have gone.

London Chronicle.

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## A Battle Story From the Western Front

How Hill 60 Was Taken

"One hears a great deal," said an officer, "about the taking of Wytschaete and Messines and the ridge, but not so much about the attack on Hill 60. But the men who had to hold the Ypres salient knew all about that hill, and what a menace it was."

"It is nothing like as high as the ridge; in fact it is only a mound. But Wytschaete was some way behind the German line, while the hill was only a few yards from us. And in Flanders a very slight rise at close quarters may make all the difference between life and death for anyone on the lower ground opposite. Observers and snipers on the hill could kill men, or get them killed, in the trenches, whereas it was gun fire they directed from the ridge. Bullets are worse than shells. I think, and certainly the men in the salient were more excited over the taking of that beastly little tumulus, than they were about the much bigger business of the ridge itself."

That was the general character given to Hill 60 by one who had been for long one of the defenders of the Salient. A Londoner, with a heavily bandaged right arm, added further details about the notorious mound.

"Most people at home imagined that Hill 60 had disappeared after the mine sprung under it in the spring of 1915," he said. "It hadn't. Believe me, From the Ypres-Comines canal on the south to Sanctuary Wood itself on the north, you could see that blessed hill, no matter what part of the line you were in. They tell me that before we attacked, the biggest mine of this lot was blown up under it. I was hit just after the commencement of the show and didn't see the hill after the mine had gone up. But I would not mind betting that the old hill is still there even yet. I hope our boys are putting it to the same use as the Boche did when they held it."

Another soldier, also wounded at an early stage, was full of praise for our miners, and the secrecy with which they worked.

"No wonder the old Hun didn't get to know about our mines," he said. "I had a pal in one of the tunnelling companies, and I'm blessed if I could screw a word out of him. We knew of course that mining was going on. By the way some of the fellows talked, you would have thought that we had dug under Berlin itself. But as to getting any 'ip' beforehand when a mine was going to be sprung, there was nothing doing. I don't think Kaiser Billy's spies could have been much use to him this time at any rate."

The miners had no end of a time and no mistake. Fritz was badly worried by them, very badly. He used to try to catch our fellows napping and blow up a lot of his mines first. But he never made much of a job of it, and he didn't do any damage to speak of. Now, our chaps were wonderful and didn't give the Boche a minute's peace.

"Hardly a week went by without our fellows blowing a 'camel fly' at some part of the sector," he continued. "Camel fly," by the way, is the Tommy's version of 'camouflet,' and it means a small mine exploded with the intention of wrecking an enemy gallery which is getting too near your own to be comfortable. If it is successful you can see the smoke coming pouring out of the German trenches after the explosion, which means that it is coming up their mine shafts, and that their galleries had been blown in.

"Our mine was a regular beauty. I seen one before, but it was nothing compared with this. I don't think I would like to see another one. They're buried nearly two hundred Wurtzburgers. I was wounded before the explosion, and the shock turned me sick as a tripper on a Margate steamer. I don't remember much more except the roar of our guns, till I woke up properly in hospital."

Another man had been wounded after the attack was over, and he was able to supply a very clear account of the whole affair.

"We left our trenches facing, I think, due north, and formed up in No Man's Land. It was queer to stand there and never a shot being fired at us. Then we did a half-right form which brought us heading northeast, and after that it was just a case of walking forward, dodging the shell holes and bits of barbed wire."

"It wasn't easy to find our objectives though. The whole position had been blown to pieces by our guns, and some of the waves went too far at first, and others not far enough, because you simply couldn't find a trace of the trench where you had to stop. Things were soon straightened out, however, and we weren't long in getting the trenches re-dug and put in order. I shouldn't be surprised if we created a record for digging. I never saw trenches appear so quickly before. You see we had nothing much to worry us. The Germans did not counter-attack, and their barrage was rotten."

"The third German line gave some trouble. There were a good many dugouts here, and some strong redoubts, with several machine gun emplacements which had not been knocked out by our guns. I think one battalion had a 'good deal' of scrap, but they cleared it up in fine style, and the attack wasn't held up long. I was in the wave which took the last line. Hardly any of us had been hit, and when the supporting waves arrived we had so many men that one could scarcely move about for the crush. We could easily have pushed our attack another mile or two, and it fairly broke some of the boys' hearts because they were not allowed to go on."

"All these men were badly wounded, but everyone of them was full of enthusiasm at the splendid methods shown in taking Hill 60."

"Make no mistake," said one. "We're a great army now, better trained by far than the Germans. I've been out to France twice now. I learnt a lot

from the first time. I left

But when I went out the second time I

found I had a good many things to

learn before I was equal to the rest of

the boys. I expect I'll have the same

experience when I go out again. People

## Low Shoe Prices For Friday

These Summer Shoe Sale Values are exceptionally low. Make it a point to fill your needs on these lines while the stock lasts, as no more can be offered at these prices.

### WHITE FOOTWEAR CLEARANCE



\$3.00 Canvas Pumps, all sizes, at \$1.95

\$3.50 Canvas Oxfords, \$2.65

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Child's Canvas Boots, \$1.40

### PUMPS AND SLIPPERS

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Extra value in broken lines of Burt and Fox Pumps. All sizes included in the lot.

### BLACK HIGH CUT KID BOOTS, \$4.65

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OCT. 1

## TWO ORGANIZATIONS FORM AUXILIARIES

Great War Veterans and Campaigners Invite Soldiers' Relatives to Meeting

In the Princess Theatre on Monday evening next, by a joint arrangement with the local branch of the Great War Veterans' Association and the British Campaigners' Association, a meeting will be held for the purpose of forming auxiliaries to work in conjunction with the two organizations named.

It is intended that the meeting be confined to a gathering together of wives, widows, fathers, mothers, brothers, sisters, and sweethearts of men who have served or who are serving with the Imperial and Canadian forces during the great war.

While tentative plans have been made already in the way of organization there will be no definite steps taken until Monday evening, when it is expected that the ladies will band themselves together in one auxiliary or guild, the men likewise co-ordinating their own forces.

The general object of the scheme is an endeavor to stimulate a spirit of co-operation and helpfulness among those who have suffered or may suffer in the loss of near relatives either by

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DR. C. S. DENT wishes to announce the opening of his Dental Parlor at 313-314 Central Building.

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**SMALL DINNER SETS**  
In fine English semi-porcelain; deep blue band and gold line decoration; newest shapes; 47 pieces. Per set \$12.50

**CUPS AND SAUCERS**  
In fine Tuscan China, white with small gold line; new shape. Special, 6 pairs for \$1.20

**FANCY JARDINIERES**  
Assorted shades and sizes. Each 75¢ and 65¢

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Fancy, slightly chipped. Special, pair 10¢

## HALLIDAY'S

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We Sell for Cash and Save You Money.

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Special Week-end Prices on Ladies' Middies, Blouses and Wash Skirts.  
All our lines have been reduced, and it will be real economy to buy at the present prices.  
Ladies' Middies, neatly trimmed, of good quality. Up from \$9.00.  
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A good assortment of Children's Wash Dresses, sizes up from 2 to 14 years. All reduced in price to clear. Up from 75¢.

We are Agents for McCall's Patterns and Magazines.

## SCARCITY OF FISH ON RETAIL MARKET

Price of Canned Peas Likely to Rise as Result of Drought

## RETURNED MEN ARE WELL LOOKED AFTER

President Duggan Visited Es-  
sondale and New Westmin-  
ister; Dispels Apprehension

death or by permanent disablement. It is believed that a good deal of the hardship consequent upon all wars will be saved those more directly affected by the taking in hand as rapidly as possible of measures for self protection and self help.

Another concern of the auxiliaries when formed will be that of joint action in the matter of securing and despatching comforts to the men at the front, in the hospitals of England and France and, of course, to those who are undergoing treatment in Canada. The promoters ask for a big attendance on Monday evening next.

### DECORATED BY FRENCH

Sergt.-Major Hatcher is Awarded  
Medaille Militaire by Euro-  
pean Republic.

It will be recalled by Victorians that Battery Sgt.-Major Frank Hatcher was awarded the Medaille Militaire last summer by the French authorities, in recognition of his bravery on the Somme front. Mrs. Hatcher, of North Pembroke Street, recently received this token, officially issued by the Republic. The French Government sent the decoration direct to the Canadian Records Office in London, from where it was forwarded to Mrs. Hatcher.

The medal which is suspended by a yellow ribbon with green stripes on either side, is circular and compounded of silver. The following inscription set on a blue surface denotes the purpose for which it was awarded: "République Française, 1870" and on the reverse side, "Valeur et Disci-  
pline."

Sergt.-Major Hatcher, who is at present serving at the base, is the second Canadian to be honored with the Medaille Militaire. In October last while he was engaged with the 10th Field Brigade, Ammunition Column C.F.A., he was caught in a position with several others of the unit, including a captain. A terrible fusillade from the Hun machine guns was poured all about them. Being on a crest, the men were defenceless and while the bullets mowed down their comrades, Sergt. Hatcher and the captain remained on duty attending to the requirements of the wounded and dying.

In a letter written to his wife, recently the Victorian describes a meeting which he had with General Sir Arthur Currie, under whom he served in the 5th Regiment, C.G.A., prior to the outbreak of war.

A lady who went to join her husband in his new western home was surprised to find that among the young ladies of the town there was "not one of them the neatest man ever was." When one of them, to know the reason, she asked a bevy of damsels one day, when one of them sputteringly replied: "Because he came out here looking spruce and young and went on till all the girls got interested in him, and then he up and sent for you. And that was the first we knew that he was married. Mean?" I guess so."

A menu-card on which Captain Evans of H. M. S. Drake, drew a few penguins has been sold for £1.00, which will be given to the Red Cross Society.

The situation in the local fish market does not appear to be assuming a more reassuring aspect than that which has been prevalent for some considerable time. A local dealer yesterday expressed the opinion that if Victorians were at present complaining of the high price of fish they would have reason to feel the situation more keenly when the late fall and early winter months arrived. The present supply of fish that is daily available for the local dealers is very limited, and it is frequently a problem with the fishmonger to determine just how to fit his day's orders.

Eastern market authorities are quoted as saying that new prices have been declared by the canners for the coming supply of canned peas. The retail trade will therefore be greatly affected as the price to it is expected to be \$1.00 per dozen for standard peas, as compared with \$1.35 which existed last year. The drought has seriously lessened the pack and the canners are said to claim that they will be able to fit only about 40 per cent. of their orders. It is also alleged that labor difficulties have added to the expense of packing.

The Canadian Grocer states that advances from the Far East during the week assert that the shipping situation with regard to peas has not improved any, and prospects point to lack of space and higher rates. Quotations for shipment to New York from Java for the month of September are reported to have been made on the basis of 30 cents per pound. There are a lot of peas on order for Canadian market, but there is no guarantee when shipment can be made.

The following prices are quoted as prevailing in the local retail markets:

### Vegetables

New Beets, per bunch	.65
Horse Radish, lb.	.20
Carrots, 3 bunches	.10
Cabbage, per lb.	.05
Cauliflower	100¢ to 15¢
Cucumbers, each	.10
Broad Beans, lb.	.65
Lettuce, loose, head	.05
Onions, dry, 6 lbs.	.25
Onions, green, 3 bunches	.10
String Beans, 2 lbs.	.15
Sweet Potatoes, per lb.	.15
Vegetable Marrow, per lb.	.05
Apricots, per crate	.25
Bananas, doz.	.35 to .45
Grapefruit (Cal.), doz.	.60 to .75
Lemons (Cal.), doz.	.35 to .45
Peaches (Cal.), doz.	.25
Oranges, 2 lbs.	.25
Yahamenee Plums, per lb.	.15
Valencia Oranges	30¢ to 40¢
Watermelons, lb.	.65
Cantaloups	.15
Tomatoes (doz.), lb.	.20 to .25

### Fruit

Gravenstein Apples, per lb.	.10
Cooking Apples, 5 lbs.	.25
Pears (Cal.), doz.	.50
Raspberries, per box	.15
Loganberries, 2 boxes	.25
Apricots, per crate	.25
Bananas, doz.	.35 to .45
Grapefruit (Cal.), doz.	.60 to .75
Lemons (Cal.), doz.	.35 to .45
Peaches (Cal.), doz.	.25
Oranges, 2 lbs.	.25
Yahamenee Plums, per lb.	.15
Valencia Oranges	30¢ to 40¢
Watermelons, lb.	.65
Cantaloups	.15
Tomatoes (doz.), lb.	.20 to .25

### Sugar

B.C. Granulated, 20 lbs.	.25
B.C. Granulated, 100 lbs.	.35
Lump Sugar, 2-lb. cartons	.30

### Dairy Produce and Eggs

Butter—	
Northwestern Creamery, lb.	.60
Salt Spring, lb.	.65
Cowichan, lb.	.65
Eastern Creamery, lb.	.65
Cheese—	
Gouda, lb.	.40
Roquefort, lb.	.50
Canadian (new), lb.	.30
Canadian (old)	.40
Canadian Stilton, lb.	.40
English Stilton, lb.	.75
Eggs—	
Local, doz.	.60
Cooking, Alberta Storage, doz.	.65
B.C. Storage, doz.	.60
Fish	
Smelt, each	.10 to .12
Cod, kipper	.20
Cod, salt, Alaska	.12
Cod, lb.	.12
Cod Fillets, lb.	.15
Finnan Haddie, lb.	.15
Halibut, 2 lbs.	.35
Herring, kippered, lb.	.10
Oysters, Esquimalt, lb.	.35
Salmon, salmonin, lb.	.15
Salmon, smoked, lb.	.25
Salmon, spring (red), lb.	.25
Salmon, spring (white), lb.	.15
Salmon, kippered, lb.	.20
Sable Fish (kippered), lb.	.20
Spring Salmon (smoked), lb.	.25
Skate, lb.	.10
Sole, lb.	.10

### Butter—

Northwestern Creamery, lb.

Salt Spring, lb.

Cowichan, lb.

Eastern Creamery, lb.

### Cheese—

Gouda, lb.

Roquefort, lb.

Canadian (new), lb.

Canadian (old)

Canadian Stilton, lb.

English Stilton, lb.

### Eggs—

Local, doz.

Cooking, Alberta Storage, doz.

B.C. Storage, doz.

### Fish

Smelt, each

Cod, kipper

Cod, salt, Alaska

Cod, lb.

Cod Fillets, lb.

Finnan Haddie, lb.

Halibut, 2 lbs.

Herring, kippered, lb.

Oysters, Esquimalt, lb.

Salmon, salmonin, lb.

Salmon, smoked, lb.

Salmon, spring (red), lb.

Salmon, spring (white), lb.

Salmon, kippered, lb.

Sable Fish (kippered), lb.

Spring Salmon (smoked), lb.

Skate, lb.

Sole, lb.

Sole, lb.

Sole, lb.

Sole, lb.

</

## FOR SALE

on  
NORTH QUADRA ST.  
Close to City Limits.  
Well-Built 6-Roomed House  
With 8-Foot Concrete Block  
Foundation.

## LARGE GARAGE

Built of Concrete Blocks.

## ONE ACRE

in material, parklike state.  
Tennis Lawn in the making.  
This is one of the healthiest parts  
of Victoria. Persons affected with  
asthma, bronchitis or other tuber-  
culous trouble should inquire  
about this particular location.

Owner Must Sell  
Any Reasonable Offer AcceptedSWINERTON & MUSGRAVE  
Winch Bldg. 640 Fort St.STAMPED  
AND  
READY  
FOR  
MAILINGVictoria  
Daily TimesAPPLY OFFICE  
5C  
PER  
COPY

## WIRELESS REPORTS

8 a.m., Aug. 23.  
Point Grey—Clear; N. W.; 30.06; 63;  
sea rough.

Cape Lazo—Clear; N. W. fresh; 30;  
11; sea smooth.Pachena—Clear; calm; 29.96; 59; sea  
smooth.Estevan—Clear; calm; 29.82; 55; sea  
smooth.Alert Bay—Fog; calm; 30.01; 54;  
sea smooth.Triangle—Fog; N. W. moderate;  
30.24; 52; dense seaward.Dead Tree Point—Overcast; N. W.  
light; 30.23; 46; sea smooth.Ikeda Bay—Cloudy; calm; 29.92;  
54; sea smooth.Prince Rupert—Fog; calm; 30.18;  
56; sea smooth. Passed in str Tilla-  
mook; 6 p. m., southbound; str. Prince  
George left Ketchikan; 8 p. m., north-  
bound; passed in str Prince Albert;  
1.05 a. m., southbound.

Noon.

Point Grey—Clear; N. W.; 30.09; 67;  
sea rough.Cape Lazo—Clear; N. W. light;  
30.09; 62; sea smooth. Spoke str. River-  
ture; 10.10 a. m., left str. Campbell River;9.45 a. m., southbound; spoke str. Prince  
John abeam; 10.20 a. m., south-  
bound.The Devonian, a vessel of 10,435 tons  
gross, was built at Belfast in 1909.

She carried a crew of sixty.

FOUNDATION COMPANY  
TO CONSTRUCT MANY  
SHIPS ACROSS BORDERCOAST STEAMERS WILL  
NOT BE TAKEN OVERGERADINE WOLVIN  
USES HER ENGINES  
NEARLY WHOLE WAY

Shipping Board Has No Inten-  
tion of Taking Over Puget  
Sound Boats

New Motorship Handled Her-  
self Particularly Well on  
Maiden Voyage

But for Apathy Some of Con-  
tracts Might Be Handled  
in Victoria

Contracts that will ultimately result  
in the construction of 120 wooden ves-  
sels for the French Government have  
been placed with the Foundation  
Company, Ltd., which concern already  
has a number of contracts in hand for  
the British Government, including the  
five wooden steamers building at Vic-  
toria.

That a large number of ships will be  
built at new yards to be established at  
Tacoma and Portland, was confirmed  
this morning by W. L. Bishop, manager  
of the local plant, who recently returned  
from the American side after com-  
pleting preliminary arrangements for  
the inauguration of the new shipbuilding  
undertakings. Mr. Bishop stated that  
40 vessels have been assigned to the  
company by the French Govern-  
ment, contracts for forty others have  
been guaranteed, and options taken  
that will bring the fleet up to 120  
ships.

Ten shipbuilding ways will be put  
down at Tacoma and ten at Portland,  
which means that twenty vessels will  
be under construction at the two  
yards simultaneously. Each yard, Mr.  
Bishop says, will be twice as large as  
the Point Hope property here. The  
vessels will be five-masted, 3,000-ton  
power schooners, fitted with steam  
auxiliary engines. In hull design they  
will resemble the five-mast auxiliary  
schooners now building here for the  
Canada West Coast Navigation Com-  
pany. It was hinted by Mr. Bishop, in  
speaking of the contracts placed by  
the French Government, that some of  
these ships might have been built at  
Victoria if the people were but alive to  
the tremendous possibilities of the  
wooden shipbuilding industry. He  
argued that the indifferent attitude  
taken by the authorities tended to pre-  
vent the expansion of the industry, rather  
than encourage its development. On the other hand the communities  
across the line went out of their way  
to give all the encouragement possible  
to bring about the establishment of  
new enterprises.

The Foundation Company, through  
the Imperial Munitions Board, has been  
agitating for a better roadway lead-  
ing from the Esquimalt Road to  
the shipyard on the Songhees Reserve,  
but the authorities do not feel pre-  
pared to do anything in the matter. At  
the present time the road is nothing  
but a dust hole, and as the winter ap-  
proaches it will become a hopeless bog.

Should this state of things continue,  
pointed out Mr. Bishop, the supplies  
and material for the shipyard will  
have to be handled by the water route  
exclusively.

The cost of properly rock-  
ing this road would be insignificant and the  
building of ships would be greatly fa-  
cilitated.

SHIPPING REPORTS

August 23.

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John abeam; 10.20 a. m., south-  
bound.

The Devonian, a vessel of 10,435 tons  
gross, was built at Belfast in 1909.

She carried a crew of sixty.

DEVONIAN, OF LEYLAND  
LINE, SUNK BY U BOAT;  
DETAILS ARE LACKING

## TIDE TABLE.

August.						
Date.	Time	Hi	Time	Hi	Time	Hi
1	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
2	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
3	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
4	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
5	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
6	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
7	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
8	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
9	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
10	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
11	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
12	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
13	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
14	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
15	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
16	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
17	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
18	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
19	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
20	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
21	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
22	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
23	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
24	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
25	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
26	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
27	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
28	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
29	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
30	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2
31	12:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	17:32 0:4	19:18 0:4	23:49 0:2	23:49 0:2

## INCIDENT AT ODESSA.

The time used to Pacific standard for  
the 120th Meridian west. It is counted  
from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to mid-  
night. The figures for height serve to  
distinguish high tides from low water.  
These blanks occur in the table, the tides  
rise or fall continuously during two  
successive tidal periods without turning.  
The point is in feet and tenths of a  
foot above the average level of low  
water.

Esquimalt—To find the depth of water  
on the bar in the dry dock at any time,  
add 180 feet to the height of high water  
as above given.

NO SULPHUR FROM  
STATES TO CANADA

Washington, Aug. 23.—An embargo  
has been placed on the export of sul-  
phur to Canada in order that the sup-  
ply for war needs of the United States  
may not unduly be depleted. Canadian  
wood pulp mills furnishing supplies  
for about three-fourths of the  
newsprint paper used in the United  
States will be seriously affected.

## THE TIME BALL

The time ball on the Belmont Build-  
ing will be raised half-mast high at  
12:45 p. m., to the top at 12:55 p. m.,  
and will be dropped at 1 p. m. daily.

F. NAPIER-DENISON,  
Superintendent.

The Observatory,  
Gonzales Heights.

Please publish the above advertisement.....times, for which I enclose \$.....

Name.....

Address.....

If desired, replies may be addressed to Box Numbers at The Times Office. If replies are to be mailed enclose 10¢ extra to cover cost of postage.

GERMANY PREPARING  
FOR ECONOMIC WAR

French Circular Says Over  
1,000,000 Tons of Shipping  
Under Construction

That Germany is preparing for a  
bitter economic war following the ter-  
mination of the great European  
struggle, is indicated by details of an  
enormous shipbuilding programme  
within the Teutonic Empire, which are  
contained in a circular issued by the  
Central Committee of the Ship-  
builders of France. A translation of  
the circular which is entitled "Preparati-  
on Pour l'Apres-Guerre" (Preparations  
for after the War), shows that more  
than one million tons gross of  
shipping, including the greatest steam-  
ships in the world, is either completed  
or in course of construction in German  
yards.



## RUSSIANS REFORMING JUDICIAL SYSTEM

Making Over Courts as They Existed Under Rule of Czar

Petrograd, Aug. 23.—The reform of Russia's judicial system, proceeding under the Provisional Government, has brought with it the institution of women magistrates, unknown elsewhere in Europe.

The higher courts already have been reformed. One of the new Government's changes is the reintroduction of the famous "Judicial Statute" promulgated by Alexander II in 1864, during his brief reforming fit after the Crimean War, but abolished by his reactionary successors. The reform of the minor local courts, the peasant courts and the police courts is a more complicated task, but virtually it is accomplished.

Chief is the reform of the Courts of the Peace, corresponding to police courts in other European states. The system of peasant jurisdiction also has been reformed by the abolition of the volost courts. Before the revolution the real judicial authority in the villages was the "Rural Chief" or Zemski Natchalnik, usually a retired army officer or other person without legal training, who also was administrator of peasant affairs, and therefore was often in a position to justify as magistrate his own illegal acts as administrator. The rural chiefs have all been dismissed and, for the peasants as already for the so-called "privileged classes," justice definitely is severed from administration.

The reform of the courts of the peace is radical. Formerly a single magistrate of the peace sat in judgment—in future three magistrates will sit, the chairman having the rank of justice of the peace, and the two others being members of the peace court. The electoral principle has been introduced. By a law of June, 1917, the old Government consented to election of peace magistrates, but the law was only partially put in force, as it was distasteful to reactionary minis-

ters. The law of 1912 will now everywhere be put into force.

The qualification for voting for the magistrates has been democratized, as was demanded in 1912 by all the progressive parties in the Duma. Henceforth any person of either sex more than twenty-five years old, who has passed a secondary school or higher school examination, may be elected justice of the peace. This opens the position of petty judge to practically all women of the middle and upper classes and to many women from the poorer classes. Men and women without this educational qualification may be elected if they have had legal experience as court officials or lawyer's clerks. As subordinate "members of the peace court," sitting with the chairman or chairwoman, any man or woman who can read or write may be elected.

An appeal will be, as heretofore, to the peace sessions. (M.R. v. S. Syed). The reform makes Russia's system of petty administration of justice one of the most democratic in the world.

### QUEER NAVAL FIGHTS.

More than one good scrap between our vessels and those of the enemy has taken place in some secluded lagoon, or in a tropical river whose banks were so densely packed with huge trees that the small battleships and cruisers were able to fire quite hidden.

During the Russo-Japanese War it is said that seismic disturbance on the ocean stopped a fierce naval engagement by a huge tidal wave engulfing a Spanish gunboat. But perhaps one of the strangest "sea" battles occurred on a lake during the American and British War of Independence in 1817. On Lake Champlain, in America, a steady bombardment was kept up by us and the enemy, neither side being able to escape, being, of course, hemmed in on all sides. The engagement seems to have been a draw. In the treaty which followed it was decided that the naval forces to be maintained on this lake should in future be of equal power.—Tit-Bits.

Don't drink to excess. A quantity of drink which is beneficial will be found to be quite sufficient.

## Mining News and Notes

The mining season of 1917 will be remembered for many years in British Columbia for the stimulus given to the industry by the demand for metals required in war, and for the call on the mines for coke, to be used in the smelter business, as well as by the difficulty in securing adequate competent labor in the country.

The story of activity comes from all quarters, and with the high prices of all metalliferous products, mines are reopening which had been abandoned, or closed down owing to the fact that they no longer paid the cost of production. Now the tale is changed and the production of this year should beat the excellent record set in 1916.

The filling of the appointments under the Mineral Survey Act has brought into the Government service men of experience and reliance and the operators are promised better methods of transportation at a lower cost. Members who have arrived from the Interior report that improved conditions are already noticeable and a better spirit prevails than was formerly possible.

The advancing price of silver has been an astonishing factor in the world's metal markets, and the United States Government has been compelled to readjust its system in order to meet the changed conditions. The experts appear to think that after the war silver will be in greater demand, and that the white metal will not drop again to the lowly place it occupied in pre-war times. The Canadian Government has always allowed a large amount of American silver to circulate, due perhaps to the proximity of the principal town to the international line, which might be displaced with the Canadian product.

The enthusiasts seize the opportunity of every visit of men of prominence in the steel world to this coast to promise a steel plant on Puget Sound or some other accessible deep water point. The latest story which coupled with a Gordon River iron deposit with a plant, which was issued from Vancouver recently, associated Col. Jackling's name with the proposition. The colonel reached Seattle recently with Judge Gary en route to Alaska, and quickly disabused the quidnuncs of any pretensions along this line. He recognized, however, the necessity of something being done to provide for the magne-

A small shipment for testing purposes has been sent from the Lucky Mike in the Nicola Valley. This property is on Swakum Mountain, 5,000 feet above sea level, and is owned by Oscar Schmidt and others.

title deposits which are still awaiting exploitation.

Good progress is being made in the development of the Crescent-Eden group in the Alnsworth district, where six feet of milling ore was recently opened up about 600 feet from the portal of No. 1 tunnel, at a depth of 150 feet on the dip of the vein. Drifts are being run in both directions, the south drift following the lead exposed for 150 feet on the surface. The north drift follows a lead exposed for a considerable distance on the surface but which has not been prospected to any great extent.

The demand for molybdenite has created a demand which the limited discoveries hitherto have failed to fill, and in the latest number of The Canada Gazette to arrive there is a new company announced as incorporated for the special purpose of developing that particular metal. The capital stock is \$5,000,000, the incorporators being Ottawa men, including Hon. Charles Murphy.

The Highland Valley Mining and Development Company, in the Ashcroft Mining Division, has received \$45,023 not for the shipment of ore, according to the report of Frederick Keeler. In addition it has ore worth \$14,000 in transit and at the Ladysmith smelter, which raises the value of the product to \$59,023. Ground was broken a little more than a year ago. The first shipment of crude ore was made in August, 1916, and the first car shipment of concentrates was made in January of this year. The company has developed 25,000 tons of copper bearing ore in 355 feet of drifting and 50 feet of sinking, according to the figures of the manager. It is expected that 100,000 tons more will be developed by an addition of 50 feet to the shaft and by 500 feet of drifting on the vein from the bottom of the shaft. The bond on the Chataway group has been more than half paid, \$28,000 of the full \$50,000 having been applied. The remainder, payable November 1, has been provided for and does not come out of the earnings it is stated. Three large veins have been exposed at the surface. One of them is 11 feet wide.

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Good progress is being made in the development of the Crescent-Eden group in the Alnsworth district, where six feet of milling ore was recently opened up about 600 feet from the portal of No. 1 tunnel, at a depth of 150 feet on the dip of the vein. Drifts are being run in both directions, the south drift following the lead exposed for 150 feet on the surface. The north drift follows a lead exposed for a considerable distance on the surface but which has not been prospected to any great extent.

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The enthusiasts seize the opportunity of every visit of men of prominence in the steel world to this coast to promise a steel plant on Puget Sound or some other accessible deep water point.

The latest story which coupled with a Gordon River iron deposit with a plant, which was issued from Vancouver recently, associated Col. Jackling's name with the proposition. The colonel reached Seattle recently with Judge Gary en route to Alaska, and quickly disabused the quidnuncs of any pretensions along this line. He recognized, however, the necessity of something being done to provide for the magne-

title deposits which are still awaiting exploitation.

Good progress is being made in the development of the Crescent-Eden group in the Alnsworth district, where six feet of milling ore was recently opened up about 600 feet from the portal of No. 1 tunnel, at a depth of 150 feet on the dip of the vein. Drifts are being run in both directions, the south drift following the lead exposed for 150 feet on the surface. The north drift follows a lead exposed for a considerable distance on the surface but which has not been prospected to any great extent.

The demand for molybdenite has created a demand which the limited discoveries hitherto have failed to fill, and in the latest number of The Canada Gazette to arrive there is a new company announced as incorporated for the special purpose of developing that particular metal. The capital stock is \$5,000,000, the incorporators being Ottawa men, including Hon. Charles Murphy.

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Phone Your Want Ads to the Times Office. Phone 1090  
Office Open Every Day Until 8 p.m.

## Victoria Daily Times

ADVERTISING Phone No. 1090

### Rates for Classified Advertisements

Situations Vacant. Situations Wanted. To Rent, Articles for Sale, Lost or Found. Birthdays, Anniversaries, etc. per word per line. Three insertions, 20¢ per word; 4¢ per word per week; 50¢ per line per month.

No advertisement for less than 10¢. No insertion charged for less than one dollar.

In computing the number of words in an advertisement, estimate groups of four or less figures as one word. Dollar marks and all abbreviations count as one word.

Advertisers who so desire may have replies addressed to a box at The Times Office and forwarded to their private address. A charge of 10¢ is made for this service.

Birth notice, 20¢; marriage notice, 30¢; death notice, 10¢; funeral notice, 20¢ additional.

Classified advertisements may be telephoned to The Times Office, but such ads as the writer should afterwards be confirmed in writing. Office open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

### Help Wanted—Male

BOY WANTED. Clarence, Cleaners, 101 Yates Street.

VAUDEVILLE—Wanted, an assistant, male or female, one who can entertain. Writer preferred. Box 1556.

INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS, 1222 Douglas Tel. 1950.

### Help Wanted—Female

WANTED—Maid for aged and infirm. Woman's Home, salary, \$25.

WANTED—General help; two in family.

ADP 225 Moss Street.

WANTED—Lady assistant for dental office; one with experience preferred.

Appt. Room 159, Arcade Bldg.

WANTED—Thoroughly experienced woman bookkeeper, with knowledge of stenography. Apply Box 1250, Times.

LAIDES CAN EARN \$1 up daily by doing our exclusive business line of private Christmas greeting cards and friends. Magnificent book of names free. Orders delivered within 48 hours. Write Manufacturers, Dept. 315, 25 Church Street, Toronto.

IF YOU HAVE WORK for a few hours, days or weeks, won't you send us your name to the Municipal Free Labor Bureau and let us send you the man or woman to do that work?

**Situations Wanted—Male**

YOUNG MAN—Wanted for heavy work, either white or part of days. Carpenter to trade. Box 151. Times.

SALESMAN wants work, canvassing, collecting or any outside work; good experience and references. Can drive horse or car. Box 1588, Times.

YOUNG MAN wants position; has military discharge; understands Pittman's shorthand, typewriting, accounting, etc. Apply P. O. Box 151.

FARMERS—Wanted set cultivators

FARMERS—Good telephone or call 1101 Langley Street, where the Rotary Club have a list of boys from 12 years upwards available for employment in parts of the city and district.

**Situations Wanted—Female**

WANTED—Experienced finisher, also apprentice. Apply Model Waist Specialists, 55 Yates.

WOMEN AND GIRLS need work should apply to the City Employment Bureau, Women's Department, 620 Cormorant Street. Phone 1627. Vacancies in town and country.

**For Sale—Miscellaneous**

PHONOGRAPH—Conceit may puff a man, but it does not boost him up. Dixon Printing Co., 106 Yates St. School supplies. Fresh scratch pads with purses.

SINGER MACHINE, drophead, fully guaranteed, special, \$25. 106 Yates, 424-12.

POST CARD—Excelsior twin-globe socket, in good condition. Apply 106 Finlayson Avenue, or phone 104.

SIX-YEAR-OLD driving horse, bucked and harnessed. Apply James Bay Grocery.

NEW VICTOR GRAMOPHONE, working order, with 32 records, \$50 cash. Box 164, Times.

POST CARD—Good preserving Oliver duck, each paid at your house. Phone 6691, or 55 Elliott Street, city.

FOR SALE—4½ ft. Gurney range, as new. Gasoline, round electric heat, side and rear heat, \$150. 12th Street, Victoria.

LAUNCH, 25 ft. 5 ft. beam, mag. 3 h.p. storm boat, fully covered, and will hold 10 persons. \$150. 12th Street, Victoria.

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COVINA BAY—5 room house. Large anteroom, 2 bedrooms, 2 bath, \$1,000. 13th Street, daily, 10.00. 11.00. 1.30. 2nd floor, Government St. Vacant.

COVINA BAY—Large residence with 8 room, 2 bath, \$1,000. 13th Street, daily, 10.00. 11.00. 1.30. 2nd floor, Government St. Vacant.

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**Sewer Pipe and Tile Mfrs.**  
SEWER PIPE WARE, field tile, ground  
fire clay, etc. B. C. Pottery Co. Ltd.  
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Wharf. Ship chandlers and naval stores.  
Tel. 41.

MARVIN & CO., E. B., 120 Wharf. Ship  
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Street. Shorthand, typewriting,  
bookkeeping thoroughly taught. E. A.  
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BUY AND SELL all listed and un-  
listed securities. Market letters issued  
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WHERRY & TOW, 62 Pandora Ave.  
Phone 322. High-class selection rugs.  
Big game and various heads for sale.

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ENGINEERS Instructed for certificates,  
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erourn, 603 Central Bldg. Phones 2314,  
4311.

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F. NORRIS & SONS, 1259 Government St.  
Wholesale and retail dealers in suit  
cases, bags and leather goods. Tel. 410.

**Vacuum Cleaners**

HAVE THE AUTO VACUUM for your  
carpets. Satisfaction assured. Phone  
4616.

**Typewriters**

TYPEWRITERS—New and second-hand,  
repairs, rentals; ribbons for all ma-  
chines. United Typewriter Co., Ltd.,  
72 Fort Street, Victoria. Phone 4788.

**Watchmakers and Repairers**

WENGER, J., 623 Yates Street. The best  
wrist watches on the market at whole-  
sale prices.

LITTLE & TAYLOR, 617 Fort St. Expert  
watchmakers. Jewellers and opticians.  
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WHITE, M., watchmaker and manu-  
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Entrance Hibben's Bone Bldg.

**Vulcanizing and Repairers**

FEDERAL TIRE AGENCY—McGavin,  
161 Blanshard Street. Phone 3893.  
Federal tires and vulcanizing.

**Y. W. C. A.**

Y. W. C. A.—Main building and public  
dining room, employment bureau,  
travellers' aid work, etc. 912 Douglas  
Street, Annex, rooms without board.  
755 Courtney Street.

**Window Cleaning**

ISLAND WINDOW CLEANING CO.—  
Phone 3815. Pioneer window cleaners  
and janitors. 346 Arnold.

**Lodges**

A. O. F.—Court Northern Light, No. 3255,  
meets at Foresters' Hall, Broad Street  
2nd and 4th Wednesdays. W. F. Full-  
ton, secretary.

CANADIAN ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court  
Columbia, 834, meets 4th Monday  
8 p.m., Orange Hall, Yates St. R. W. O.  
Savage, 155 Main St. Tel. 1757.

COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 2, L. O. O. F.—  
meets Wednesdays, 8 p.m., in Orange  
Hall, Yates Street. Pres. Mrs. J. P. Mc-  
Graw, 625 Victoria Street. Secy. D. Dewar, R. S. 120 Oxford Street.

DAUGHTERS AND MAIDS OF ENGLAND  
B. S.—Lodge Princess Alexandra  
No. 18, meets third Thursday, 8 p.m.,  
Orange Hall, Yates Street. Pres. Mrs.  
J. P. McGraw, 625 Victoria Street. Secy.  
A. L. Harrison, 912 Fairfield. Visiting mem-  
bers cordially invited.

K. OF P.—Far West Victoria Lodge, No.  
1, 2nd and 4th Thursdays, 8 p.m., Hall,  
101 Main St. Secy. G. H. Harrison, K.  
of P. S. 109, 109 Main St. Visiting mem-  
bers cordially invited.

SONS OF ENGLAND B. S.—Alexander  
116, meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, 8 p.m.,  
4th Tuesdays in A. O. F. Hall, Broad  
St. W. J. Cobbett, Maywood, Pres.  
J. Smith, 1272 Cedar Ave. 1090 Gover-  
nor Street.

DAUGHTERS AND MAIDS OF ENGLAND  
B. S.—Lodge Primrose, No. 33, meets  
2nd and 4th Thursdays at 8 p.m.,  
A. O. F. Hall, Broad Street. Pres.  
Mrs. Odie, 722 Discovery. Secy. A. L.  
Harrison, 912 Fairfield. Visiting mem-  
bers cordially invited.

THE ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR—  
Victoria Chapter, No. 17, meets on 2nd  
and 4th Mondays, 8 p.m., in the K. of  
P. Hall, 101 Main St. Visiting mem-  
bers cordially invited.

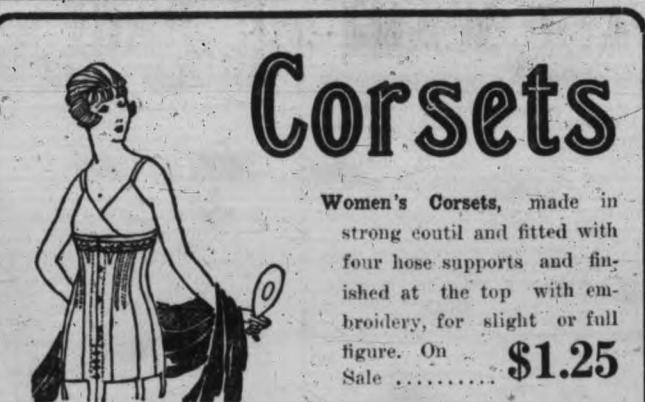
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J. Smith, 1272 Cedar Ave. 1090 Gover-  
nor Street.

S. O. E. H. S.—Juvenile Young En-  
gland meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, A. O. F.  
Hall, 7 o'clock. Secy. E. W. How-  
lett, 101 Second Street, etc.

SONS OF SCOTLAND—Meetings of Alas-  
kans. Camp will be held on second  
Thursday of each month; commencing  
July 12, in Foresters' Hall, Broad St.  
etc.

THE ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR—  
meets on 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, 8 p.m.,  
in the K. of P. Hall, North Park St.  
etc.

RELEASER AT SPOKANE.



# Corsets

Women's Corsets, made in  
strong coulil and fitted with  
four hose supports and fin-  
ished at the top with em-  
broidery, for slight or full  
figure. On **\$1.25**  
Sale **\$1.25**

Sanitary Aprons ..... **.75¢ and \$1.00**

Sanitary Belts ..... **.35¢ and .50¢**

Brassieres, lace and embroidery lined ..... **.75¢**

Phone 4104 **FINCHS** Yates St.  
LIMITED

## LOCAL NEWS

**WILL NOT ENTERTAIN**  
Canadian Club Unable to Make Neces-  
sary Arrangements for Sat-  
urday Next.

Owing to inability to make the necessary  
arrangements, the Canadian Club  
will be unable to entertain Lewis  
Wiley, managing director of The New  
York Times, at luncheon during his  
stay in the city. Mr. Wiley will arrive  
in the city Friday night and leave on  
Saturday afternoon.

## OBITUARY RECORD

The death occurred yesterday at the  
Jubilee Hospital of Martha MacDonald,  
wife of P. S. MacDonald, of 466  
Burnside Road. The deceased, who  
had been a resident of the city for the  
past sixteen years, was a native of  
Dalhousie, New Brunswick, and 69  
years of age. She is survived, besides  
her husband, by three sons, Charles,  
of Mount Vernon, Wash.; John, of  
Victoria, and William, of Banfield. The  
remains are at the Thomson Funeral  
Parlors, from where the funeral will  
take place on Saturday, August 25, at  
2.30. Interment will be at Ross Bay  
cemetery, Rev. Mr. Colwell to officiate.

Kitchitaro Tabata, a native of Japan,  
aged 44, died on Monday at the  
Jubilee Hospital. There are no known  
relatives living in this country. The  
remains are at the Thomson Funeral  
Chapel pending the making of funeral  
arrangements, which will be an-  
nounced later.

The death occurred yesterday, Aug-  
ust 22, at the Victoria Private Hospital,  
of Beatrice Elizabeth Farmer, aged 33 years, a niece of Robert Fowler,  
of Victoria. The parents, Mr. and  
Mrs. W. A. Farmer, now reside at  
Winnipeg, Man. The remains are re-  
posing at the Thomson Funeral  
Chapel. The funeral service will take  
place at Christ Church Cathedral on  
Saturday.

AGED CITIZEN OF  
GRAND FORKS DIES

Appoints Committee.—The City  
School Board of Vancouver has ap-  
pointed Rev. Dr. John Mackay and  
Principal Vance as a commission to in-  
vestigate the efficiency of the Vancou-  
ver school system. Municipal Inspec-  
tor Gordon told the Board he did not  
feel he should have been consulted on  
the procedure to be adopted. He questioned  
whether the Board had the power to  
appoint the commission, in view of the  
fact that it would be in some measure  
investigating the work of the employ-  
ees of the Provincial Department of  
Education, as well as that of its own  
officials. In any case he advised that  
the commission should consist of at  
least three persons.

Support New Army.

The support that the south is giving  
to its new army was also a fact that  
impressed Mr. Inkster.

He noticed that the men as they marched along  
the streets were cheered and praised

as the most valuable possession of the  
nation. The only discordant note that  
was to be heard was the movement  
fostered by the I. W. W. organizations,

and these Americans are deter-  
mined to force to the wall.

The Mayor of Portland, in fact, has pub-  
licly referred to them as a menace that  
must be cleared from the land.

Success for Prohibition.

Before leaving for home Mr. Inkster

inquired carefully regarding the suc-  
cess or failure that has attended the

enforcement of prohibition that has

been in force for some two years in

Portland. He did not confine his in-

vestigations to questioning men who  
were veteran abstainers, but broached  
the matter to those who were known

to have used liquor, at least in mod-  
eration.

These invariably informed

him that prohibition has been a suc-  
cess. They were further of the opinion

that if the question were again put to  
the vote of the people it would be

carried by a far larger majority than  
had been the case two years ago when  
the act became law.

Columbia Highway.

The greatest damage in

the forest fire in Lincoln County,

where 59 acres of green timber were

destroyed in the "Cascade Reserve,"

On Pine Creek, Baker County, 300 acres

were burned over and an urgent call

for firefighters has been sent out.

Near Sherwood, Washington County, a

\$6,000 mill was destroyed by a brush

fire and women are helping fight

the spread of flames. In the Des Chutes

Reserve, near Bend, one woman was

reported out of control. In Polk County

one fire was burning in Hood River,

one in Lane, one in Wallowa, one, and

in Yamhill, twelve, while desultory

blazes were reported from various other

places which were being controlled.

## DIED.

MACDONALD.—On the 22nd inst., at the

Victoria Hospital, Martha MacDonald,

aged 60, beloved wife of P. S.

MacDonald, of 466 Burnside Road.

She is survived by, besides her hus-

band, three sons, Mr. Charles Mac-

Donald, of Victoria, and William,

of Banfield, B. C.

The funeral will take place on Sat-

urday, August 25th, at 2.30, from the Thom-

son Funeral Chapel, Interlaken, B. C.

Rev. Mr. Colwell will officiate. Funeral by motor. Friends

kindly accept this intimation.

## Answers to Times Want Ads.

The following replies are waiting to be  
called for:

1194, 1212, 1244, 1251, 1266, 1311, 1323, 1324,

1419, 1423, 1461, 1473, 1474, 1480, 1483, 1506,

1521, 1530, 1535, 1556, 1572, 1588, 1622,

1702, 1717.

## WOMEN ARRESTED.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Six women  
bearing suffrage colors and banners

bearing quotations from President  
Wilson's speeches and writings were

arrested late to-day in front of one of

the White House gates and taken to

police headquarters.

## AMERICANS UNITED SAYS REV. INKSTER

Wonderful Spirit of Patriotic  
Fervor Has Full Posses-  
sion of Nation

## STATE OF RUSSIA CENTRE OF INTEREST

Washington Officials Decline to Disclose Nature of Advices Received

Washington, Aug. 23.—The situation in Russia continued as the centre of war interest, here to-day with the mystery surrounding the nature of the official dispatches the Government has received from Petrograd within the last 48 hours still undispelled.

To-day's cryptic news dispatches from the Russian capital referring to speculation in Petrograd and Moscow newspapers concerning "expected dramatic announcements of events" at the forthcoming Moscow conference and expressing the view of the press that "if no agreement is reached between the contending groups open conflict must follow" were taken to support the unofficial interpretation of the Government's dispatches as relating to political conditions within the Provisional Government and probably undercurrents of German intrigue working for the unseating of Premier Kerensky, with either a counter-revolution seeking to re-establish the autocracy or the breaking down altogether of the Provisional Government and resulting chaos.

Whether the official advices deal with an alarming need for immediate physical support of new Russia by her allies if she is to continue in the war in the face of a menacing military situation was not established, as officials continued in their refusal to disclose their advices in any way whatever.

Nevertheless, it is known that the need of sending immediate and adequate political assistance to Russia has been urged upon the Government by all members of the American Mission recently returned from Petrograd. This has not applied to the sending of troops, to which a majority of the Mission is opposed, but to sending supplies and principally transport facilities. In explaining the uselessness of sending more troops into Russia, it has been pointed out that Russia's transport facilities have broken down under the problem of supplying the men she already has on the lines.

### UPROAR CEASES IN WASHINGTON PRISON

Walla Walla, Wash., Aug. 23.—After four days of intermittent uproar, the Washington state penitentiary is quiet to-day and work has been resumed in many of the departments. The damage to the prison is about \$250.

After yelling about half the night the men quit. They wanted water and something to eat.

They have submitted their demands, asking the removal of Captain of the Guards T. J. Burke and Warden's Clerk M. A. Power. The former they accuse of cruelty, the latter of taking tobacco money for the purchase of musical instruments. Superintendent Drum absolved both men. Other demands are for more privileges.

### WENT FROM CANADA.

London, Aug. 23.—Second-Lieut. D. F. Collis, of the Royal Flying Corps, who is reported missing, formerly was a driver in the Canadian Expeditionary Force.

### AMERICAN HONORED.

Paris, Aug. 23.—The French War Cross has been awarded to R. A. Drake of Franklin, N.H., of the American ambulance corps, for driving through a barrage of gas shells.

### SILLY PROPOSALS MADE BY GERMAN TO SAVE GERMANY

The Hague, Aug. 23.—The neue Freie Presse, of Berlin, publishes some proposals by George Gothein, who was one of the three compilers of the peace resolution passed in the German Reichstag in July. Their chief object appears to be to enable Germany to escape responsibility for restitution or reparation.

Gothein suggests that all the belligerents should share in this expense either in proportion to their population or their pre-war armaments and budgets. Even neutrals might be called upon to contribute in view of the large profits made by them. He also proposes that losses to mercantile fleets should not be indemnified, but all trade and industrial settlements should be restored. In other words, Britain should not receive compensation for her losses through the German submarine, but Germany should be paid for the re-establishment of her overseas trade settlements. Gothein concludes: "As an honorary member of the Cobden Club, I permit myself to remind England that Cobden, Bright and Gladstone were pronounced pacifists and that free trade was for them a means to peace and international reconciliation."

### NO MATERIAL CHANGE IN OTTAWA SITUATION

Ottawa, Aug. 23.—The Ottawa Citizen says:

"The political situation shows no material change. Developments are being awaited from the West, whether have gone Mr. Sifton, Mr. Calder, Mr. Creer and Mr. Wood. Their answer to the proposals for a Union Government is promised at the end of the week. There is reason to believe that the pivotal point is Mr. Calder. If he will come with his organizing genius, the proposal will get a big impetus, and it will be an encouragement to others to follow. The advocates of union are very optimistic and expect that before many days Hon. A. L. Sifton, Hon. J. A. Calder, and Mr. Creer will consent to join the Cabinet."

"John M. Godfrey, of Toronto, Liberal, left for Toronto last night, expressing entire satisfaction with the outlook."

### A GERMAN PASTOR INTERNED IN STATES

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 23.—United States Marshal Flynn to-day received orders to take the Rev. William G. Krauleidus, pastor of the Lutheran Church at Riverdale, Neb., to Fort Riley, Kansas, for internment during the war. Krauleidus has been held in jail several weeks on a charge of disloyal conduct.

### MONTRAL BANK CLEARINGS.

Montreal, Aug. 23.—The bank clearings here for the week ended to-day were \$1,605,865, as compared with \$65,012,557 last year.

Winnipeg, Aug. 23.—The bank clearings here for the week ended to-day were \$32,786,614. For the corresponding week last year the clearings were \$12,687,077, and in 1915, \$14,841,583.

### GEN. KETCHEN INVESTED.

London, Aug. 23.—Brig.-Gen. Ketchen, of Winnipeg, has been invested as a Companion of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.

At the close of his talk before a Sunday audience, the person invited questioned him, "Why was Adam never a baby?" The person cogitated in doubt as to what answer to give, but a little girl, the eldest of several brothers and sisters, came promptly to his aid. "Please, sir," she answered, smartly, "there was nobody to muss him."

### THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY

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HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

Capital Fully Paid, \$1,000,000

Reserve Fund, \$1,000,000

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ESTABLISHED 100 YEARS (1817-1917)

Capital Paid up \$16,000,000

Rest 16,000,000

Total Assets (April 1917) \$36,800,887

Any Branch of the Bank of Montreal is prepared to receive deposits of \$1.00 and upwards, that may be converted, as they accumulate with interest, into Dominion Government War Savings Certificates.



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A. MONTIZAMBERT,  
Manager, VICTORIA

D. R. CLARKE,  
Sept. British Columbia Branches,  
VANCOUVER

### WILSON AND GOMPERS HOLD CONFERENCE

Washington, Aug. 23.—Prices of an anchorage coal were fixed in a statement issued this afternoon by President Wilson as a commissioner of port; William L. Frieson, of Chattanooga, as Assistant Attorney-General; Brigadier-General Lloyd England, Adjutant-General of Arkansas, as a brigadier-general in the National Army.

### FINE WORK.



Another Trophy for Canada.

## MANITOBA TROOPS ATTACK AND OPEN WAY TOWARDS HEART OF LENS FROM SOUTH; MOVE ON A 700-YARD FRONT

Canadian Army Headquarters in France, Aug. 23.—(By the Canadian Overseas Correspondent.)—Another turn of the screw was made this morning southwest of Lens. At three o'clock, after a short but intense bombardment, Manitoba troops attacked the Green Grassier, a huge heap of pit refuse on the north bank of the Souchez River by which our advance into Lens from the south had been barred. The Fosse St. Louis, which consists of a tangle of pithead machinery shot to pieces by many bombardments, also was attacked. On a front of about 700 yards the Manitobans went forward from 200 to 400 yards and opened the way towards the heart of the city on the south as the other advances of the past week had done on the north and west.

The possession of the Green Grassier will also enable our men to sweep with their machine guns a wide tract of country to the south of the Souchez River now occupied by the enemy, including the mining village of St. Antonio.

The details of the fighting are not available yet. The enemy, however, is known to have made a stubborn resistance in which he was materially helped by several of his aeroplanes, which hung low over advancing troops and shot at them with their machine guns. One of the enemy planes was brought down in flames by a British airman and another was driven down out of control.

After they had ejected the enemy our men while consolidating came under machine gun fire from the mouth of a tunnel east of the St. Louis pits, which made the work of the utmost difficulty. It was another case of go on or go back. They went on and in the tunnel mouth found and captured four machine guns.

The Germans evidently set great store on the ground attacked this morning. Wounded prisoners state that it was held by two battalions.

British Report.

London, Aug. 23.—Field-Marshal Haig's forces have advanced their lines southwest of Lens, the War Office announces. An attack east of Langeacourt was repulsed. British posts in the neighborhood of Lombaertzyde, Belgium, were raided by Germans.

### SUPPLY OF SHELLS FOR ARMED SHIPS OF STATES DOUBLED

Washington, Aug. 23.—As a result of the official report on the destruction by a German submarine of the American tanker Campana, which said the gun crew's supply of shells had run out in the midst of the fight, the amount of ammunition supplied to armed merchantmen of the United States will be doubled. The Campana had 180 shells.

Naval officials have not accepted as conclusive the unofficial report that the failure of gunners on the Campana to strike the submarine was due to the superior range of the submarine's guns, but believe it more probable that it was a case of low visibility, making the small attacking craft an exceedingly bad target. It also is pointed out that the speed of the tanker was not great, giving to the U boat an advantage.

The Campana's captain and five of the naval crew were captured and taken on board the submarine. Reports have said the submarine later was sunk by a French cruiser.

### NOMINATIONS BY PRESIDENT WILSON

Washington, Aug. 23.—Prices of an anchorage coal were fixed in a statement issued this afternoon by President Wilson as a commissioner of port; William L. Frieson, of Chattanooga, as Assistant Attorney-General; Brigadier-General Lloyd England, Adjutant-General of Arkansas, as a brigadier-general in the National Army.

### JAPANESE EXPLAIN WHY REPRESENTATIVES DISPATCHED TO ROME

Washington, Aug. 23.—Japanese officials here explained to-day the mission of Viscount Okouchi and Mr. Kawafuji of the Japanese House of Peers to the international economic conference held in Rome some months ago.

The conference at Rome, they said, was held at the invitation of the Italian Government, and the delegates were members of the parliaments of several countries. Political matters were not to be discussed, nor had the conference anything to do with diplomatic questions. The United States was not represented.

A member of the Imperial Japanese Mission to the United States said to-day no request had been received from the United States to send Japanese delegates to a conference to discuss the question of a more genuine entente between Japan and this country. He had no information on the statement that Britain appeared adverse to a peaceable time.

Viscount Okouchi and Mr. Kawafuji are at San Francisco, en route to Japan. A third member of the delegation, Mr. Kato, is returning to Japan by way of the Cape of Good Hope.

### ANGLO-FRENCH WAR BONDS

Guaranteed by the Governments of Great Britain and France jointly and severally. No obligation in the world has any better security.

Denominations of 100 and upwards, payable in Gold in New York. These bonds maturing in 1920 will yield you approximately 7% and have a conversion privilege to enhance their market value and return a material profit on capital.

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## FINANCIAL NEWS

### MONTREAL STOCKS

By Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd., Montreal, Aug. 23.—The continued weakness in Wall Street brought about some selling of Canadian issues and the local market showed recessions all around during the forenoon session. Offerings, however, were well taken at about one point, receipts in the afternoon from Canada, Standard and Dominion Iron were quite active, the former losing only 2% on the day's trading. The greater number of listed stocks were very dull, closing bids being slightly below yesterday's levels. Bonds were quiet and unchanged.

High Low Last

Ames Holden 15 15 15

Bell Telephone 137 137 137

Brazilian Trac. 40 B

B. C. 40 B

Pac. Ry. 160 B

Can. Cement com. 62 62

Can. Cement pfld. 32 B

Can Car. Fdy. com. 32 32

Do. pfld. 69 B

Can. S. com. 441 432 432

Do. pfld. 79 79

Can. Locomotive 60 B

Can. Cottons 50 50

Can. Gen. Elec. 74 74

Can. Ind. & Min. 288 288

Can. M. & S. 165 165 165

Can. Bridge 64 64 64

Can. I. and S. 65 65 65

Can. Textile 125 125 125

L. of Woods Mig. 125 125 125

Laur. Power 50 B

Laval. Constn. Co. 100 B

Maple Leaf Milling 100 B

Montreal Steamship 100 B

Mo. Donald Co. 100 B

Mo. Steel com. 100 B

Ont. Steel Prod. 100 B

Ogilvie Milling Co. 100 B

Pennmans. Ltd. 704 704

Quebec Railway 19 19

Ridgway Paper 121 B

Shawinigan 121 B

## VICTORIA AIRMAN IS TAKING LAST LEAVE

Lieut. Mackie Smith Was Pilot of Machine Which Crashed to Earth

As final leave and prior to immediate departure for the old country, Flight-Lieut. Mackie Smith, only son of Maxwell Smith, chairman of the Land Settlement Board, reached the city from Toronto this morning. The young airman will stay with his parents until the beginning of next week, when he will proceed direct to Camp Borden for instructions regarding the journey to the other side.

It will be recalled that Lieut. Smith was the pilot of the aeroplane in which the late Lieut. Walker was flying at the time of the accident at the Camp Borden aerodrome. Although the demise of the young Victorian was attributable to a subsequent illness, Lieut. Smith is still greatly upset that so promising a young aviator should be lost to the service in which he was so apt a pupil and so intensely interested.

Lieut. Smith joined the Canadian Army Medical Corps at the Willows in September of last year, and underwent training with the Red Cross men until April of this year, when he effected a transfer to the Royal Flying Corps. He was successful in passing all the necessary tests and for some time past has been carrying out the duties of an instructor at Camp Borden.

In a chat with The Times this morning, Lieut. Smith was high in praise of the magnificent progress made in the art of flying by the cadets from Victoria. He says that so marked has been the success of the men from the Pacific coast that it has become quite a by-word throughout the camp.

### SUFFERS FROM SHOCK

Gunner N. E. McKay, Who Has Returned to Victoria, has Three Brothers Serving With Colors.

Gunner N. E. McKay who returned to the city on Sunday has seen a great deal of the most strenuous fighting that has been in progress on the western front during the early spring and summer. He was at the Somme and later at Vimy in both of which engagements he suffered severely from shell shock.

The Victorian left here with the 10th Brigade of the Ammunition Column in February of 1916 and before being forced to leave the scene of the war's activities had been with the guns for ten months.

Prior to joining the forces he was

## TEETH THAT ARE PERFECT



The loss of your natural teeth is a matter for sincere regret, but no good purpose can be served by retaining teeth which are in such an advanced state of decay as to form a serious menace to your general health.

I can supply you with teeth which, in appearance, compare favorably with the finest natural set—teeth that will stand the perpetual strain of everyday use and will make you feel one hundred per cent better physically.

Call on me to-day and let me examine your teeth. This will cost you nothing, and you will find that my prices for actual dental work are surprisingly low.

Ladies Always in Attendance

Dr. Albert E.  
CLARKE

Offices in the Reynolds Building,  
Cor. of Yates and Douglas  
Streets. Phone 802.

engaged in the plumbing business for a time in Duncan and later in Victoria. Three brothers are also serving with the forces, Gunner R. McKay, of the Artillery, Driver L. E. McKay, and motorcycle dispatch rider L. McKay.

### GIVES LIFE FIGHTING

Lieut. Maurice Cane, R. F. A., Killed Day He Returned to Firing Line.

Lieut. Maurice Cane, R. F. A., whose name appears in a list of casualties reported through the Imperial Office, London, has been killed in action. The young officer was a mining engineer, and both he and Mrs. Cane had many friends in Victoria, having made their home here for some time prior to the outbreak of the war. It is probably over two years ago that Lieut. Cane returned to the Old Country to take out his commission in the R. F. A., and he reached the fighting-line within a very few months after. He had been home on sick leave for some weeks, and was killed the first day he went into action after returning to the front. Mrs. Cane, who was one of the most brilliant players in the Victoria Tennis Club, was, together with her husband, a familiar figure on the courts for several seasons. She followed her husband to England, and for a time was staying with relatives in Ireland, more lately, however, having taken up hospital work in London. Lieut. Cane's relatives also live in Ireland.

Lieut. Cane joined the Canadian Army Medical Corps at the Willows in September of last year, and underwent training with the Red Cross men until April of this year, when he effected a transfer to the Royal Flying Corps. He was successful in passing all the necessary tests and for some time past has been carrying out the duties of an instructor at Camp Borden.

Angus Samuel Matheson, Whose Brother Manages "The Bootery," Gives Life for Country.

In reply to an inquiry sent to Ottawa yesterday A. D. Matheson, of "The Bootery," Victoria, learned yesterday that Pte. A. Slaterson, whose name appeared in one of the casualty lists of the week, was a misprint for A. S. Matheson, Angus Samuel Matheson, his brother, having been killed in action on August 5, according to the news which he has just received.

Mr. Matheson's brother enlisted from Bredalbane, Prince Edward Island, and had been in the trenches since early last autumn. During the winter months he won the Military Cross. He was 22 years of age, and the youngest of four brothers who enlisted for service overseas, the three others, all of whom enlisted in Saskatchewan, now being in France.

### KILLED IN FRANCE

Vancouver Chinese Face Charge of Theft of \$6,000: One of Accused Was Arrested Here.

Joe Wong and Paul Noon, the two Chinese who have been before the Vancouver court several times in connection with the alleged theft of \$6,000 from a man in a Chinatown restaurant, have been given their final hearing before Magistrate Shaw in the police court. His Worship deciding to send the accused up for trial. The committed was adjourned for one week on application of Charles Macdonald, counsel for the accused.

It will be recalled that the man, Paul Noon, one of the accused, was in this city some two months ago, and that it was while acting in the capacity of best man at the wedding of one of his countrymen that he was kept within the ken of members of the local Detective Department, who following the ceremony accompanied him to police headquarters, where information had been received from Vancouver that he was wanted in the Terminal City on a charge of the theft of several thousand dollars.

### ANOTHER DOG STORY.

A rather nice "dog story" from the trenches. In section of the line where the enemy's trenches were only some 30 yards away there had been stiff fighting, and one of our men had been badly wounded, midway between the lines, moaned so pitifully that the officer could scarcely hold back his comrades from certain death in attempting to bring him in. Taxing his brains for a plan of rescue, his eye fell on a stray tyke, which was accustomed to run to and fro between the British and German trenches, finding friends in each.

He quickly wrote a note: "Will you allow us to bring our man in?" tied it round the dog's neck, and sent him scampering across to the German line. In a few minutes the animal returned with the reply: "Will give you five minutes." Instantly the officer and a couple of his men seized a stretcher and were over the top. They got their man into safety in four minutes, and gave the tyke a cheer, by way of thanks, before both sides returned to business. —Tit-Bits.

### QUITE CORRECT.

The class was taking natural philosophy, and the professor observed a tall lanky youth in a rear seat, his head drooping, his body relaxed; his eyes half closed and his legs encumbering an adjacent aisle.

"Number thirty-four, back bench," said the professor.

The student opened his eyes slowly, but did not change his pose.

"Number thirty-four, what is work?"

"Everything is work," was the drawling reply.

"Sir," exclaimed the professor, "do you mean to tell me that is a reasonable answer to my question?"

"Yes, sir."

"Then I take it that you would like me and the class to believe that this desk is work?"

"Yes, sir," replied the youth, weakly.

"It is woodwork."

A great organist has passed away in Dr. Stevenson Hoyte, who was a professor at the Royal Academy of Music, the Royal College of Music and the Guildhall School of Music. His name recalls those delightful recitals in the Albert Hall many years ago, when the "Fishes," the "Inventories" and other exhibitions added to their outdoor attractions the pleasure of rest to, and rest in, the Albert Hall, while the most famous organists of the time discoursed sweet music. —London Chronicle.

### POINT IN COMPANY

### LAW RAISED TO-DAY

Transfer of Shares of Company in Liquidation to New Concern Before Court

A case of considerable importance in company law was before Mr. Justice Murphy this morning in Supreme Court Chambers, in an application made by J. R. Green for a direction to the liquidator of the Commercial Investment Company to proceed to carry out an agreement made on February 15 last by which the interests of the Commercial Company would be transferred to a new organization, the Belmont Investment Company.

The affairs of this company occupied considerable attention in an action last year in Tobin against the Commercial Company, which had a sequel in the police court.

D. W. P. Maunsell appeared for the liquidator, and H. C. Hall, M. P. P. for some preference shareholders.

It appeared that under the authority of section 236 of the Companies Act, transfers of the whole of the interests of the transferor company may be made by the liquidator in lieu of compensation in shares or other assets in the new company. In this case Mr. Hall had appeared on the instructions of a member of the bar to oppose the settlement on behalf of two shareholders, who were stated not to be parties to the settlement.

Mr. Green now alleged that Mr. Moresby White, who had been president of the old company, and whom they had "got rid of" through his solicitor, Mr. McDiarmid, an undertaker being given that Mr. White would not interfere again, was behind the movement to block the transfer, and had instigated the proceedings. He had a letter from one of the shareholders, Mr. Robinson, disowning the action, representing \$2,500, and said that the other interest was only \$500. The attempt to stop the liquidator acting on the resolution had been taken after the necessary procedure had been fully carried out and should be barred at this stage. He further argued that the proposed transfer was fully covered by the articles of association of the company, which he proceeded to read.

Both Mr. Hall and Mr. Maunsell appeared to agree that part of the shareholders' resolution was not good in law. They contended that any transfer of shares must be covered by statute law, and not by articles of association. Mr. Maunsell pointed out that both bench and bar had found it difficult to agree to a section which would cover the transfer of the assets of a company under such circumstances, in full to all shareholders.

His Lordship said he should dismiss the application in its present form. Then, said Mr. Maunsell, he should bring an action on behalf of the liquidator for directions on the resolution.

Confirmation, as a habit is not confined to the Eversley jockeys, in his book on the Cotswolds, Mr. Francis Duckworth recalls the case of a servant girl in the Manor House at Stanton, in Gloucestershire. She had been confirmed three times. When interrogated on the subject she replied that she had found confirmation a good cure for rheumatism! —London Chronicle.

In fixing his new Ginger party at nine members, Mr. Pemberton Billing has at least chosen a figure with some stability in it, for no matter how you juggle with the 9 in the multiplication table you cannot get rid of it—a fact that used to cause no end of fur, at some of our children's parties. Try it at your leisure—as, for example, four times 9 (36, 3 and a 6—9), or, say, nine times 9 (81, twice 9—18; 1 and 8 make 9). No matter what set of figures you choose, if you once use the 9 it sticks. —London Chronicle.

Another dog story.

A rather nice "dog story" from the trenches. In section of the line where the enemy's trenches were only some 30 yards away there had been stiff fighting, and one of our men had been badly wounded, midway between the lines, moaned so pitifully that the officer could scarcely hold back his comrades from certain death in attempting to bring him in. Taxing his brains for a plan of rescue, his eye fell on a stray tyke, which was accustomed to run to and fro between the British and German trenches, finding friends in each.

He quickly wrote a note: "Will you allow us to bring our man in?" tied it round the dog's neck, and sent him scampering across to the German line. In a few minutes the animal returned with the reply: "Will give you five minutes." Instantly the officer and a couple of his men seized a stretcher and were over the top. They got their man into safety in four minutes, and gave the tyke a cheer, by way of thanks, before both sides returned to business. —Tit-Bits.

Quite correct.

The class was taking natural philosophy, and the professor observed a tall lanky youth in a rear seat, his head drooping, his body relaxed; his eyes half closed and his legs encumbering an adjacent aisle.

"Number thirty-four, back bench," said the professor.

The student opened his eyes slowly, but did not change his pose.

"Number thirty-four, what is work?"

"Everything is work," was the drawling reply.

"Sir," exclaimed the professor, "do you mean to tell me that is a reasonable answer to my question?"

"Yes, sir."

"Then I take it that you would like me and the class to believe that this desk is work?"

"Yes, sir," replied the youth, weakly.

"It is woodwork."

A great organist has passed away in Dr. Stevenson Hoyte, who was a professor at the Royal Academy of Music, the Royal College of Music and the Guildhall School of Music. His name recalls those delightful recitals in the Albert Hall many years ago, when the "Fishes," the "Inventories" and other exhibitions added to their outdoor attractions the pleasure of rest to, and rest in, the Albert Hall, while the most famous organists of the time discoursed sweet music. —London Chronicle.

### DIES OF WOUNDS

Lieut. James A. Lewton Brain succumbed in England From Injuries Received in Action.

A dispatch this morning from London, England, announces that Lieut. James A. Lewton Brain, formerly of the staff of the Bank of Montreal here, has died of wounds received in action.

Lieut. Brain, who was about twenty-nine years of age and a native of Norfolk, England, was prominent in athletic circles of the city for some time before the war, having played with the Wanderers' Club for one or two seasons, and also being well-known among cricket devotees. He had been with the Victoria Branch of the Bank of Montreal for about eighteen months prior to enlisting with the 30th Battalion, leaving the Bank to join this unit just about two or three weeks before they went overseas. He reached the firing line within a few months after crossing over to the Old Country, and had been in France for a year when he was sent home suffering with shell-shock. After a rest with his people in Norfolk he was sufficiently recovered to take out a commission in the Norfolk regiment, with which he was serving when he received his fatal injuries.

The affairs of this company occupied considerable attention in an action last year in Tobin against the Commercial Company, which had a sequel in the police court.

D. W. P. Maunsell appeared for the liquidator, and H. C. Hall, M. P. P. for some preference shareholders.

It appeared that under the authority of section 236 of the Companies Act, transfers of the whole of the interests of the transferor company may be made by the liquidator in lieu of compensation in shares or other assets in the new company. In this case Mr. Hall had appeared on the instructions of a member of the bar to oppose the settlement on behalf of two shareholders, who were stated not to be parties to the settlement.

Mr. Green now alleged that Mr. Moresby White, who had been president of the old company, and whom they had "got rid of" through his solicitor, Mr. McDiarmid, an undertaker being given that Mr. White would not interfere again, was behind the movement to block the transfer, and had instigated the proceedings. He had a letter from one of the shareholders, Mr. Robinson, disowning the action, representing \$2,500, and said that the other interest was only \$500. The attempt to stop the liquidator acting on the resolution had been taken after the necessary procedure had been fully carried out and should be barred at this stage. He further argued that the proposed transfer was fully covered by the articles of association of the company, which he proceeded to read.

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## "B & K" Bread Flour

49-Pound Sack for .....	\$3.00
Ogilvie's "Canada's Best" Flour 49-pound sack .....	\$3.25
Jameson's Featherweight Baking Powder 5-pound cans, 90¢. 12-oz. cans .....	20¢
Morton's English Refined Borax 1/2-lb. packets, 10¢. 1-lb. packets for .....	15¢
Genuine St. Vincent's Arrowroot Healthy Summer Food. 1-lb. packets .....	20¢
Pure Raspberry Vinegar Per bottle, 25¢ and .....	40¢
Sanderson's Lime Juice Cordial Large bottle .....	45¢
"Grest" Castile Soap Manufactured by Lever .....	8 cakes for 25¢
Old Dutch Cleanser 3 cans for .....	25¢

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## Short Notice Sale

JOE COLWELL, SOOKE ROAD  
Owing to unforeseen arrangements, will leave for the mainland immediately to look after his interests there, and will dispose of by PUBLIC AUCTION, absolutely unreservedly.

Tuesday, August 28

2 p.m., all his

## Farm Stock

Including 65 pigs, 15 sows with young, and in pig, 25 cows, wagons, horses, implements, mower, milk cans, Silo, harness, etc.

Further particulars later, or apply  
ARTHUR HEMINGWAY, Auctioneer.  
Phone 2484. City Market Auction.

## Don't Forget Thursday, August 30

at MRS. H. D. LONGLAND'S RANCH,  
Wilkinson Road, Auction Sale of over

## 200 Head of Choice Cows, Sheep

Pigs, horses, and all farm implements, etc.

ARTHUR HEMINGWAY, Auctioneer  
Phone 2484

## MAYNARD & SONS

AUCTIONEERS.  
Instructed, we will sell at Salesrooms,  
726 View Street

To-morrow, 2 p.m.

Almost new and well-kept

## Household Furniture and Effects

Including:

Fumed Oak Davenport, Columbia Hornless Gramophone and Records, Reed Chairs and Rockers, Morris Chairs, Centre Tables, Bed Lounge, French Music Box and Music, Hall Stand, lot of Gramophone Records, Reed Ottomans, almost new Leather Lined Gen's Coat, Electric Dome, new Canadian Flag, American Flag, Overmantel Pictures, Mission Rocker, Oak Rockers, Hall Trees, very good Carpets and Linoleum, Round Oak Extension Table, Set of 7 Oak Diners, Square Extension Table, 4 Mission Dining Chairs, Sideboard, Sanitary Couch, 2 Shotguns, set Fish, Knives and Forks, Hall Carpets, sets of Books, Massive All-Brass Bed, Spring and Ostermeyer Mattress, Fumed Oak Bed Spring and Felt Mattress, Fumed Oak Dresser, Iron Beds, Springs and Mattresses, Folding Beds and Mattresses, Dressers and Stands, Bedroom Tables and Chairs, Shaving Mirror, 4-Hole Range, Combination Coal and Gas Range, Cook Stoves, Heaters, Go-Carts, Kitchen Tables, Kitchen Chairs, Drop-leaf Table, Cooking Utensils, Oil Stove, Wash Tubs, Bollers, Pruners, Wringers, Garden Tools, Lawn Mowers, Washing Machines, Spark Guards, Crosscut Saw, Tub Stand, Melotte Cream Separator.

Now on view.

Also at 11 o'clock in our Stockyard 75 White Wyandotte Pullets and a large assortment of Cockerels, Hens, Ducks, Rabbits, etc.; Rubber-tired English Dog Cart, in good condition; set of Brass-mounted Harness, etc.

MAYNARD & SONS

Auctioneers. Phone 837R

## RECASTING SCHOOL DISTRICTS IN CITY

Board Determines to Make Margaret Jenkins School Centre for Fairfield Boys

Radical changes in connection with the operation of Sir James Douglas School were determined upon by the City School Board last evening, as a temporary measure, the trustees explained.

The alterations affect the Moss Street institution, and also Margaret Jenkins School, and ultimately have in view the establishment of a fully graded school at Hollywood.

The Municipal Inspector pointed out that unless the re-arrangement was carried out, there must be additional building at Moss Street, and that was not a course to encourage at this time.

The report of the inspector on the subject was adopted with little discussion, it being recognized that something must be done. It contained the following information:

### Growth of School.

The Sir James Douglas School was opened in October, 1910, with six divisions. Later its assembly room was partitioned and two more divisions were added. Since then the manual training annex was utilized for two more divisions, and last year a room in the basement had to be employed for the accommodation of one additional division. Thus the six-roomed building on Moss Street, by makeshifts, is now used for eleven divisions, which occupy not only the original six classrooms but also the assembly and manual training rooms, and a room in the basement. But even with those makeshifts the accommodation at the Sir James Douglas School is insufficient. For some time it has suffered more than any other school in the city from overcrowding; and it has absolutely no room for expansion.

### Boys Best Walkers.

By enlarging the boundaries of the Margaret Jenkins School District that school has been able to give some measure of relief to the Sir James Douglas School. But, though pupils are being sent from the immediate vicinity of the latter to the former school, conditions have not been much ameliorated. It will be necessary, therefore, to draw pupils from the Moss Street District in such a manner that they will have to pass the Sir James Douglas School on their way to the Margaret Jenkins School. In order to do this and inflict the least possible hardship on the pupils, it would seem advisable to select those scholars who are best able to stand the additional fifteen minutes' walk between the two schools. These are manifestly the boys of the senior and intermediate grades. I would, therefore, suggest the following method of re-arrangement:

The Margaret Jenkins School should be created a boys' school, and the Sir James Douglas School a Girls' school, for the combined districts; as far as the senior and intermediate grades are concerned, the junior grades consisting, in each school, of boys and girls residing within the present school boundaries.

### Six Hundred Affected.

The effect of that arrangement, by assuming that the attendance next term will be the same as in last June, would be that the Margaret Jenkins School would have 68 senior boys, 98 intermediate boys, and 60 junior pupils, and the Sir James Douglas School 77 senior girls, 85 intermediate girls, and 20 junior pupils.

The former school would thus have an enrollment of 226, and the latter of 363 pupils of all grades; and the number of divisions in each would be 7 and 9 respectively.

In addition to the advantage gained by this change, owing to increased accommodation, which would permit of the reduction of the number of pupils per teacher in over-crowded divisions, arrangements could be made for manual training and domestic science in each school, without duplicating buildings and equipment.

"I am fully aware that such a radical change as this will inconvenience the boys affected by it. But I think the inconvenience will be largely offset by the advantage (1) of attending a large well-built school where no overcrowding can be expected for some time, and (2) of having manual training facilities on the school premises, instead of being compelled to walk to the Central School once a week."

### WHERE SMITH WAS.

During a "strafe" in our trenches various rumors circulated themselves among our troops. One of these rumors was to the effect that "Private Smith is on the wire," meaning that Smith had got entangled on the barbed wire. As the soldier in question could not be found the rumor grew apace.

The reason for Smith's absence, however, lay in the fact that he had been hit in the arm with a piece of shrapnel, and he at once hurried to the first-aid post, with the cry of "Smith's on the wire," ringing in his ears.

The injury to Smith's arm was rather severe, and he ultimately reached a hospital in England. He did not forget his old comrades, and he sent them a postcard as follows: "Smith's still on the wire. A wire mattress on a bed in Blighty." - T. B.

### New Potatoes and Onions

While they last.  
Potatoes, per 100 lbs. .... \$2.25  
Onions, 7 lbs. for ..... 25¢  
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## APPLES, ORANGES, FIGS AND PRUNES

Are The Four Fruits Used in Making "Fruit-a-tives"

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" is the only medicine in the world that is made from the juices of fresh ripe fruits. Thus it is manifestly unfair to say, "I won't take Fruit-a-tives because I have tried other remedies and they did me no good." On the other hand, the fact that "Fruit-a-tives" is entirely different from any other preparation in the world, is just why you should give it a fair trial, in any trouble of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys or Skin. "Fruit-a-tives" is composed of the active principle of fruit and the greatest nerve tonic ever discovered. 50¢, a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25¢. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

## TEACHERS LEAVE ON EVE OF NEW TERM

Trustee Deaville Asks If They Could Be Sued for Breach of Contract.

To the High School staff the City School Board last evening appointed William E. Grant, a graduate of the University of Manitoba, 1905, with honors in philosophy and a scholarship for general proficiency. He holds a first-class professional certificate in Manitoba and has had five years' teaching experience there, having done post-graduate work in Rochester and Chicago.

To the staff of the graded schools were appointed: Miss Stewart (who has already been on the temporary staff), Misses Winkel, Ella J. Jackson, B. A., and Miss B. Hazel Sargent. Miss Winkel had the distinction of receiving the unanimous vote of the board.

For the position of assistant at the High School in commercial subjects, Miss Baker was appointed. The board appointed William Penderleith to the position of manual training instructor which had become vacant during the recess.

Three resignations caused Trustee Deaville to criticize the action of some teachers in spending their holidays chasing up better jobs, and then leaving the boards in the lurch when the new term was coming on. Those resigning were Miss Winnifred Hauck, George F. Murray and Miss Pennington, two of whom have obtained better positions across the line.

Mr. Deaville said the board always gave notice of its intentions to teachers when a change was to be made, and the clause in the regulations was not put there for fun, for teachers to quit the city just when they liked.

Dr. Lewis Hall said the board could not stop it, and as a matter of fact two had left the country.

Mr. Deaville: Could we not sue them for breach of contract?

The chairman and other members present were doubtful.

The appointments to vacancies in the janitorial staffs was left to the buildings and grounds committee.

Trustee Deaville and Major Riddell urged that a committee should investigate the claims of the janitors and other employees of the board who were not given the five per cent. restoration of salary when the teachers received their increases.

This course will be adopted.

### WEATHER REPORT.

Kamloops Has Greatest Number of Hours of Sunshine; Prince Rupert Heaviest Rain.

The provincial weather report for the week records the "greatest sunshine" record to Kamloops. Victoria coming after even Vancouver, where the rainfall exceeded that here by 69 in. Prince Rupert with 1.86 ins. rain leads the province in this respect. The greatest equality of temperature is accredited to Atlin, where only 14 degrees difference is seen between the highest and the lowest. Victoria and Prince George come second with a difference of 22 degrees between the hottest and the coldest. Penticton, where the mercury touched 96 one day during last week, had the highest temperature of the week, and Dawson, where the mercury fell to 36, the lowest. The report is for August 25.

Victoria—Total amount of bright sunshine, 39 hours and 42 minutes; rain, 18 inch; highest temperature, 71, on 16th; lowest, 59, on 18th.

New Vancouver—Total amount of bright sunshine, 32 hours and 48 minutes; rain, 18 inch; highest temperature, 79, on 17th; lowest, 54, on 15th.

Prince Rupert—Total amount of bright sunshine, 30 hours and 46 minutes; rain, 18 inch; highest temperature, 79, on 17th; lowest, 54, on 15th.

Victoria—Total amount of bright sunshine, 30 hours and 46 minutes; rain, 18 inch; highest temperature, 71, on 16th; lowest, 59, on 18th.

Prince Rupert—No rain; highest temperature, 78, on 18th; lowest, 54, on 17th.

New Hazelton—Rain, .25 inch; highest temperature, 78, on 18th; lowest, 51, on 17th.

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